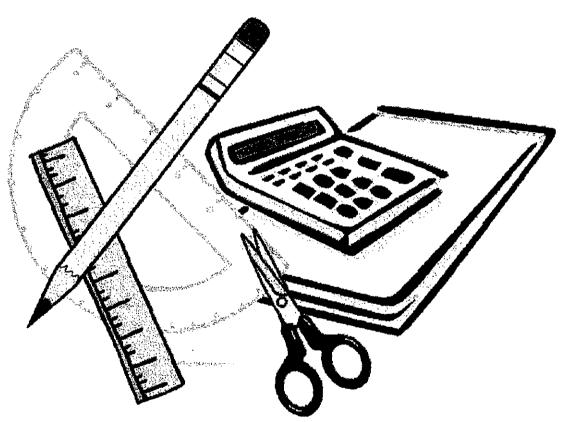
Jackson Parish School Board

Jonesboro, Louisiana



under provisions of state law, this report is a public document. A copy of the report has been submitted to the entity and other appropriate public officials. The report is available for public inspection at the Baton Rouge office of the Legislative Auditor and, where appropriate, at the office of the parish clerk of court.

Release Date JAN 2 5 2012

Annual Financial Report

As of and for the year ended June 30, 2011

Jackson Parish School Board Jonesboro, Louislana

Annual Financial Report As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Jackson Parish School Board

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board Members Jackson Parish School Board Jonesboro, Louisiana

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Jackson Parish School Board, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the Jackson Parish School Board's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the School Board's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School Board's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Jackson Parish School Board, as of June 30, 2011, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 21, 2011, on our consideration of the School Board's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Schedule of Funding Progress, and the Budgetary Comparison Schedule, as listed in the table of contents, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplemental information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplemental information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School Board's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplemental information, as listed in the table of contents, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by <u>OMB Circular A-133</u>, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The information identified in the table of contents as other information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements of the School Board. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Allen, Sheen & Williamson, LXP ALLEN, GREEN & WILLIAMSON, LLP

Monroe Louisiana December 21, 2011

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION:

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)

Our discussion and analysis of Jackson Parish School Board's financial performance provides an overview of the School Board's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011. Please read it in conjunction with the School Board's financial statements which follow this Management's Discussion and Analysis.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is an element of the new reporting model adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in their Statement No. 34 Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments issued June 1999.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS The primary resources available to the School Board are local revenues which are primarily tax receipts, state revenues which are primarily minimum foundation funding and cost reimbursement grants, and federal revenues which are primarily cost reimbursement grants.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS The fund balances of all governmental funds decreased \$1,650,841. The fund balance of the general fund decreased \$648,150.

Overall revenues decreased \$3,308,486 from the 2010 school year in the General Fund. Sales tax decreased \$3,308,580 from 2010 to 2011 mainly due to economic conditions and unfavorable sales tax disbursements.

Expenditures increased \$804,008 in the General Fund from what was spent in 2010. The increase in expenditures was mainly due to increase in retirement premiums, insurance premiums, and teacher step up in the salary schedule.

QSCB 2011 Series Construction fund is a new fund which accounts for new Qualified School Construction Bonds proceeds received during the 2010-2011 year in which fund balance increased \$2,470,734.

Weston QSCB Construction fund accounts for the Qualified School Construction Bonds for construction projects, in which fund balance decreased \$3,336,826 due to completing more construction in progress during the current year.

Other governmental fund balances decreased \$136,599 due mainly to increase in retirement premiums, insurance premiums, and teacher step up in the salary schedule.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT The School Board's annual report consists of a series of financial statements that show information for the School Board as a whole, its funds, and its fiduciary responsibilities. The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the School Board as a whole and present a longer-term view of the School Board's finances. Our fund financial statements are included later in this report. For our governmental activities, these statements tell how we financed our services in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund statements also may give you some insights into the School Board's overall financial health. Fund financial statements also report the School Board's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements by providing information about the School Board's most significant funds, the General Fund, QSCB 2011 Series Construction, and Weston QSCB Construction. The remaining statement - the Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets presents financial information about activities for which the School Board acts solely as an agent for the benefit of students and parents.

Annual Financial Report

Required Supplemental Information

Management's Discussion & Analysis (MD&A)

Basic Financial Statements

Government-wide
Financial Statements



Fund Financial Statements

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Required Supplemental Information

Schedule of Funding Progress
Budgetary Comparison Information for Major Funds

Supplemental Information

Nonmajor Funds Combining Statements

Agency Funds Statements/Schedules
Schedule of Compensation Paid Board Members

Our auditor has provided assurance in his independent auditor's report, located immediately preceding this Management's Discussion and Analysis, that the Basic Financial Statements are fairly stated. Varying degrees of assurance is being provided by the auditor regarding the Required Supplemental Information and the Supplemental Information identified above. A user of this report should read the independent auditor's report carefully to ascertain the level of assurance being provided for each of the other parts in the Financial Section.

Reporting the School Board as a Whole

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

Our analysis of the School Board as a whole begins with the government-wide financial statements. One of the most important questions asked about the School Board is, "Is the School Board as a whole better off or worse off financially as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, which appear first in the School Board's financial statements, report information on the School Board as a whole and its activities in a way that helps you answer this question. We prepare these statements to include all assets and liabilities, using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School Board's net assets - the difference between assets and liabilities, as reported in the Statement of Net Assets - as one way to measure the School Board's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the School Board's net assets - as reported in the Statement of Activities - are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. The relationship between revenues and expenses is the School Board's operating results. However, the School Board's goal is to provide services to our students, not to generate profits as commercial entities do. One must consider many other nonfinancial factors, such as the quality of the education provided and the safety of the schools to assess the overall health of the School Board.

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities report the following activity for the School Board:

Governmental activities - All of the School Board's services are reported here, including instruction, plant services, transportation, and food services. Property taxes, sales taxes, Minimum Foundation Program funds, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

Reporting the School Board's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The School Board's fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the School Board as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, the School Board establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes (like the School Food Service) or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money (like grants the School Board receives from the U.S. Department of Education). The School Board's governmental funds use the following accounting approach:

Governmental funds - All of the School Board's services are reported in governmental funds. Governmental fund reporting focuses on showing how money flows into and out of funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. They are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School Board's operations and the services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the School Board's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in reconciliation on Statements D and F.

The School Board as Trustee

Reporting the School Board's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The School Board is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its student activities funds and scholarship fund. All of the School Board's fiduciary activities are reported in the Statements of Fiduciary Net Assets. We exclude these activities from the School Board's other financial statements because the School Board cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The School Board is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

THE SCHOOL BOARD AS A WHOLE The School Board's net assets were \$17,315,457 at June 30, 2011. Of this amount \$7,449,057 was unrestricted. Restricted net assets are reported separately to show legal constraints from debt covenants and enabling legislation that limit the School Board's ability to use those net assets for day-to-day operations. Our analysis below focuses on the net assets, (Table 1) and the change in net assets (Table 2) of the School Board's governmental activities.

Table 1 Net Assets June 30,

	Governmental Activities			
	2011	2010	Variance	
Current and other assets	\$ 22,793,571	\$ 23,559,202	\$ (765,631)	
Capital assets	11,305,520	8,154,694	3,150,826	
Total assets	34,099,091	31,713,896	2,385,195	
Current and other liabilities	2 220 012		0.150.00	
	3,338,813	2,490,951	847,862	
Long-term liabilities	<u> 13,444,821</u>	10,720,781	2,724,040	
Total liabilities	16,783,634	13,211,732	3,571,902	
Net assets		-		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	6,346,266	5,434,452	911,814	
Restricted	3,520,134	4,875,623	(1,355,489)	
Unrestricted	7,449,057	8,192,089	(743,032)	
Total net assets	\$ 17,315,457	\$ 18,502,164	\$ (1,186,707)	

The \$7,449,057 in unrestricted net assets of governmental activities represents accumulated results of all past year's operations. It means that if the School Board had to pay off all of its bills today including all of its noncapital liabilities such as compensated absences, there would be \$7,449,057 left.

The net assets of the School Board decreased by \$1,186,707 which was mainly due to the net increase of the OPEB liability for the 2010-2011 year.

The results of this year's operations for the School Board as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities. Table 2 on the next page, takes the information from that statement and rearranges it slightly so that readers can see total revenues for the year.

Table 2
Changes in Net Assets
For the Years Ended June 30,

		Governmental Activities	
	2011	2010	Variance
Net Assets - beginning	\$18,502,164	\$15,449,795	\$ 3,052,369
Revenues:			•
Program revenues			
Charges for services	274,424	260,500	13,924
Operating grants and contributions	3,035,244	3,658,688	(623,444)
General Revenues		- ;	• •
Ad valorem taxes	5,360,520	4,912,642	447,878
Sales taxes	6,267,649	9,576,229	(3,308,580)
State equalization	10,189,057	9,958,361	230,696
Other general revenues	973,333	791,860	181,473
Total revenues	26,100,227	29,158,280	(3,058,053)
Functions/Program Expenses:			
Instruction			
Regular programs	11,263,141	10,692,774	570,367
Special programs	2,580,438	2,983,458	(403,020)
Other instructional programs	1,819,670	1,683,487	136,183
Support services	•		·
Student services	1,088,823	1,088,424	399
Instructional staff support	1,673,164	1,606,544	66,620
General administration	1,001,230	906,492	94,738
School administration	1,247,588	1,256,629	(9,041)
Business services	494,293	467,714	26,579
Plant services	2,435,961	1,976,084	459,877
Student transportation services	1,806,382	1,659,161	147,221
Food Services	1,753,231	1,665,806	87,425
Interest on long-term debt	123,013	119,338	3,675
Total expenditures	27,286,934	26,105,911	1,181,023
Increase (decrease) in net assets	(1,186,707)	3,052,369	(4,239,076)
Net Assets - ending	\$17,315,457	\$18,502,164	\$ (1,186,707)

Governmental Activities In the table below we have presented the cost of each of the School Board's six largest functions - regular programs, special programs, other instructional programs, plant services, student transportation and food services, as well as each program's net cost (total cost less revenues generated by the activities). Net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the School Board's taxpayers by each of these functions. Providing this information allows our citizens to consider the cost of each function in comparison to the benefits they believe are provided by that function.

Table 3 Cost of Services For the Years Ended June 30,

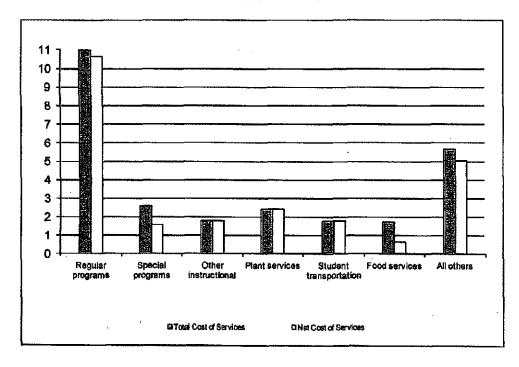
Governmental Activities

Total Cost of Services

Net Costs of Services

			Percentage			Percentage
	2011	2010	of Change	2011	2010	of Change
Regular programs	\$11,263,141	\$ 10,692,774	5.3	\$ 10,666,728	\$10,085,203	5.8
Special programs	2,580,438	2,983,458	(13.5)	1,594,305	1,505,358	5.9
Other instructional	1,819,670	1,683,487	8.1	1,782,074	1,627,543	9.5
Plant services	2,435,961	1,976,084	23.3	2,425,900	1,916,704	26.6
Student transportation	1,806,382	1,659,161	8.9	1,798,441	1,607,795	11.9
Food services	1,753,231	1,665,806	5.2	660,974	561,620	17.7
All others	5,628,111	5,445,141	3.3	5,048,844	4,882,500	3.4
Totals	\$27,286,934	\$ 26,105,911	4.5	\$ 23,977,266	\$22,186,723	8.1

2011 Total Cost of Services Versus Net Cost of Services



THE SCHOOL BOARD'S FUNDS As we noted earlier, the School Board uses funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes. Looking at funds helps you consider whether the School Board is being accountable for the resources taxpayers and others provide to it but may also give you more insight into the School Board's overall financial health.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights As mentioned earlier the School Board revises its budget as it attempts to deal with unexpected changes in revenues and expenditures. (A schedule showing the School Board's original and final budgets compared with actual results is provided in the required supplemental information section of this report.)

The original amount available for appropriations was increased by \$288,818. The amount budgeted at the beginning of the year for MFP is based upon the prior year amount received for MFP. Several factors during the year can affect the final allocation of MFP funds released from the state in January. The revised budget presented to the board was a decrease of \$79,203. The School Board also budgets ad valorem and sales taxes based upon the amount that was received the prior year and this year we had a significant decrease in sales taxes. The revised budget presented to the board was a decrease of \$813,476 for sales taxes. However, the beginning fund balance was corrected which resulted in an increase of \$1,536,476. However, budgeted revenues were still greater than actual revenues by \$909,510, which was due mainly to a decrease in sales taxes received and transfers in.

The budgeted expenditures were increased \$2,197,656 mainly due to Construction and renovation, and salaries and benefit increases in the current year when compared to the previous year. However, budgeted expenditures exceeded actual expenditures by \$1,490,762 due to management cutting cost due to unfavorable economic conditions.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION -

Capital Assets At June 30, 2011, the School Board had \$11,305,520 invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, construction in progress, buildings, and furniture and equipment. This amount represents a net increase (including additions, deductions and depreciation) of \$3,150,826 or approximately 38.6% from last year. The School Board completed a treatment sewer plant classified as an addition to infrastructure during the current year.

Capital Assets at June 30,

Governmental Activities

	2011	2010
Land	\$ 148,650	\$ 148,650
Construction in progress	3,292,356	1,025,822
Infrastructure	489,411	
Land improvements	154,920	-
Buildings	6,117,765	5,952,008
Furniture and equipment	1,102,418	1,028,214
Totals	\$11,305,520	\$ 8,154,694

More information on capital assets is included in Note 5 of the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

Debt Administration At June 30, 2011, the School Board had \$840,000 in general obligation bonds outstanding with maturity of 2014 and interest rates ranging from 0.10% to 5.50% and Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCB) of \$5,600,000 and \$2,500,000 with maturities of 2024 and 2025. Under state statute, the School Board is legally restricted from incurring long-term bonded debt in excess of 35% of the assessed value of taxable property. At June 30, 2011, the School Board's net bonded debt was \$0. (Total bonded debt of \$840,000 less fund balance in debt service funds of \$1,166,813).

			Ratio of Debt to
•	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>	Assessed Value
Net direct general obligation bonded debt	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$241.971</u>	<u>0%</u>

The School Board's long-term liabilities at June 30, 2011 also included Certificate of Indebtedness in the amount of \$170,500, OPEB liability of \$3,931,135, compensated absences of \$267,391, litigation liability of \$125,000, and claim and judgments payable of \$10,795.

More information on long-term debt is included in Note 11 of the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS The Jackson Parish School Board does not anticipate any significant changes to the budgets for fiscal year 2011-2012.

CONTACTING THE SCHOOL BOARD'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT Our financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, parents, students, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the School Board's finances and to show the School Board's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or wish to request additional financial information, contact the Business Manager at Jackson Parish School Board, P. O. 705, Jonesboro, Louisiana 71251-0705, telephone number (318) 259-4456.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (GWFS)

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2011

Statement A

			ERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents		\$	21,062,196
Receivables (net)			1,648,661
Inventory			18,366
Other assets - deposits			50
Bond issuance costs	•		64,298
Capital assets, not being depreciated			-
Land and construction in progress			3,441,006
Capital assets, net of depreciation			
Buildings, furniture and equipment			7,864,514
TOTAL ASSETS	•		34,099,091
LIABILITIES			
Accounts, salaries and other payables			3,255,435
Claims payable			7,861
Interest payable			15,932
Retainage payable			54,268
Deferred revenue		-	5,317
Long-term liabilities			
Due within one year			1,178,055
Due in more than one year	,		12,266,766
TOTAL LIABILITIES			16,783,634
NET ASSETS			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt			6,346,266
Restricted for:			
Child nutrition program			150,086
Debt service			1,150,881
Capital projects			65,344
Salaries and maintenance			2,153,823
Unrestricted			7,449,057
TOTAL NET ASSETS		\$	17,315,457

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Statement B

				Statement B
		PROGRAM REVENUES		NET (EXPENSE)
			OPERATING	REVENUE AND
		CHARGES FOR	GRANTS AND	CHANGES IN
	EXPENSES	SERVICES	CONTRIBUTIONS	NET ASSETS
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS				
Governmental activities:				
Instruction:				
Regular programs	\$ 11,263,141	\$ 0	\$ 596,413	\$ (10,666,728)
Special programs	2,580,438		986,133	(1,594,305)
Other instructional programs	1,819,670		37,596	(1,782,074)
Support services:	,			
Student services	1,088,823		116,941	(971,882)
instructional staff support	1,673,164		322,399	(1,350,765)
General administration	1,001,230	-	132,610	(868,620)
School administration	1,247,588.		5,488	(1,242,100)
Business services	494,293		1,829	(492,464)
Plant services	2,435,961		10,061	(2,425,900)
Student transportation services	1,806,382		7,941	(1,798,441)
Food services	1,753,231	274,424	817,833	(660,974)
Interest on long-term debt	123,013	0	0	(123,013)
Total Governmental Activities	27,286,934	274,424	3,035,244	(23,977,266)
	General revenues	: :		
	Taxes:			
	Property tax	es, levied for gen	eral purposes	5,360,520
	Sales taxes			6,267,649
	State revenue :	sharing		72,885
	Grants and co	ntributions not rea	stricted to specific p	rograms
	Minimum Fo	undation Program	n	10,189,057
	Education Jo	obs Grant		467,307
	interest and Im	vestment earning	s	174,768
	Miscellaneous		•	258,373
	⊤otal general	revenues		22,790,559
	Changes in n	et assets		(1,186,707)
	Net assets - begi	nning		18,502,164
	Net assets - endi	ng		\$ 17,315,457

Jackson Parish School Board

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (FFS)

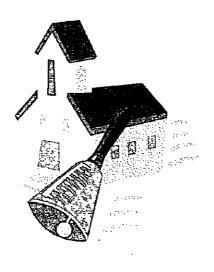
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Balance Sheet June 30, 2011

	GENERAL.	QSCB 2011 SERIES CONSTRUCTION	WESTON QSCB CONSTRUCTION
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 14,868,544	\$ 2,500,256	\$ 2,374,869
Receivables	982,774	. 0	0
Interfund receivables	519,002	, 0	. 0
Inventory	0	0	0
Other assets - deposits	50	0	0
TOTAL ASSETS	16,370,370	2,500,256	2,374,869
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES		-	
Liabilities:			
Accounts, salaries and other	•		•
payables	2,351,753	29,522	640,089
Retainage payable	0	. 0	54,268
Claims payable	7,861	0	0
Interfund payables	137,853	0	0
Deferred revenue	0	0	
Total Liabilities	2,497,467	29,522	694,357
Fund Balances:			
Nonspendable	0	0	0
Restricted	2,153,823	2,470,734	1,680,512
Unassigned	11,719,080	0	0
Total Fund Balances	13,872,903	2,470,734	1,680,512
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND	,		
FUND BALANCES	\$ 16,370,370	\$ 2,500,256	\$ 2,374,869

Statement C

	OTHER		
GOV	ERNMENTAL		TOTAL
\$	1,318,527	\$	21,062,196
	665,887		1,648,661
	137,853		656,855
	18,366		18,366
	. 0		50
		•	
	2,140,633		23,386,128
	234,071		3,255,435
	0		54,268
	0		7,861
	519,002		656,855
	5,317		5,317
	758,390		3,979,736
			•
	18,366		18,366
	1,363,877		7,668,946
	0		11,719,080
	,		
	1,382,243		19,406,392
•	0.140.000		00 000 400
_\$	2,140,633	\$	23,386,128

Jackson Parish School Board



Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2011

Statement D

Total fund balances - governmental funds

\$ 19,406,392

The cost of capital assets (land, buildings, furniture and equipment) purchased or constructed is reported as an expenditure in governmental funds. The Statement of Net Assets includes those capital assets among the assets of the School Board as a whole. The cost of those capital assets allocated over their estimated useful lives (as depreciation expense) to the various programs reported as governmental activities in the Statement of Activities. Because depreciation expense does not affect financial resources, it is not reported in governmental funds.

Costs of capital assets

Depreciation expense to date

\$ 34,587,261

(23,281,741)

11,305,520

Long-term liabilities applicable to the School Board's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities - both current and long term - are reported in the Statement of Net Assets.

Balances at June 30, 2011 are:

Interest payable		(15,932)
Bond issuance costs		64,298

Long-term liabilities:

Bonds payable	(840,000)
Certificate of Indebtedness	(170,500)
QSCB series 2009 payable	(5,600,000)
QSCB series 2011 payable	(2,500,000)
OPEB liability	(3,931,135)
Compensated absences payable	(267,391)
Litigation payable	(125,090)
Workers' compensation payable	(10.795)

(13,396,455)

Net Assets

\$ 17,315,457

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

REVENUES	GENERAL	QSCB 2011 SERIES CONSTRUCTION	WESTON QSCB CONSTRUCTION
Local sources:			
Taxes:			
Ad valorem	\$ 5,007,333	•	\$ 0
Sales and use	6,267,649	0	0
Interest earnings	134,670	4,181	31,861
Food services	0	0.	"
Other	257,198	0	0
State sources:			
Equalization	10,011,357	. 0	0
Other	163,129	0	0
Federal sources	1,216	0	0
Total Revenues	21,842,552	4,181	31,861
EXPENDITURES			
Current:		•	•
Instruction:			
Regular programs	9,486,758	0	0
Special programs	2,151,906	0	0
Other instructional programs	813,972	0	0
Support services:			
Student services	878,189	0	0
Instructional staff support	1,192,555	0	0
General administration	828,340	29,522	0
School administration	1,102,652	0	0
Business services	472,320	. 0	0
Plant services	2,349,970	0	0
Student transportation services	1,658,375	. 0	0
Food services	426,072	. 0	0
Capital outlay	322,116	1,675	3,362,850
Debt service:		·	
Principal retirement	. 0	0	0
Interest and bank charges	0	2,250	5,837
Total Expenditures	21,683,225	33,447	3,368,687
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES			
OVER EXPENDITURES	\$ 159,327	\$ (29,266)	\$ (3,336,826)

Statement E

	OTHER ERNMENTAL		TOTAL
_		_	
\$	353,187	\$	5,360,520
	0		6,267,649
	4,056		174,768
	274,424	•	274,424
	1,740		258,938
	177,700		10,189,057
	137,278		300,407
	3,273,813		3,275,029
.,	₫ 222 108		28 100 702
	4,222,198		26,100,792
			•
	687,305		10,174,063
	220,680		2,372,586
	895,772		1,709,744
	131,104		1,009,293
	380,414		1,572,969
	154,912		1,012,774
	47,524		1,150,178
	5,940		478,260
	29,702		2,379,672
	49,218		1,707,593
	1,226,099		1,652,171
	85,766		3,772,407
	55,. 40		al. contact
	1,127,080		1,127,080
	124,758		132,845
	5,166,274		30,251,633
_\$	(944,076)	\$	(4,150,841)

(CONTINUED)

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

•	QSCB 2011 SE GENERAL CONSTRUCT					
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			•			
Transfers in	\$ 0	\$. 0	\$	0	
Transfers out	(807,477)		0		0 -	
Bond proceeds .	0		2,500,000		0	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(807,477)		2,500,000		0	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(648,150)		2,470,734		(3,336,826)	
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	14,521,053		0		5,017,338	
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$ 13,872,903	\$	2,470,734	\$	1,680,512	

Statement E

OTHER ERNMENTAL	· 	TOTAL
\$ 1,230,977 (423,500)	\$	1,230,977 (1,230,977)
 (423,300)		2,500,000
 807,477		2,500,000
(136,599)		(1,650,841)
 1,518,842		21,057,233
\$ 1,382,243	\$	19,406,392

(CONCLUDED)

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

For the fear clidete June 30, 2011	Statement F
Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds	\$ (1,650,841)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different bed	cause:
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the State Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation exceeds capital assets in the period:	
Capital outlays	\$ 3,772,407
Depreciation expense	(621,016)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	3,151,391
Loss on disposal of capital assets	(565)
The incurrence of long torm dobt provides guerant financial concurses of	
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources of governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt	
consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither	
transaction, however, has any effect on net assets.	
Receipt of bond proceeds	(2,500,000)
Repayment of bond debt	1,127,080
	1,12.1000
Governmental funds report the effects of debt issuance costs and similar	
Items when debt is first issued, where as these amounts are deferred	
and amortized in the Statement of Activities.	
Bond issuance costs, net of amortization	27,516
Increase in OPEB liability, in which is reported in the Statement of Activities and not report	ed as
expenditures in governmental funds.	(1,488,991)
. •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
In the Statement of Activities, certain operating expenses-compensated absences (vacation	ns and
sick leave) - are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental	funds,
however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources	used
(essentially, the amounts actually paid). This year, vacation and sick time used (\$451,43	9)
was greater than the amounts earned (\$214,524) by \$236,915.	236,915
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current final	ancial
resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds	
(Increase) Reduction of incurred but not reported workers' compensation claims	25,956
(Increase) Reduction of litigation payable	(125,000)
Interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities differs from the amount reported in	
governmental funds because interest is recognized as an expenditure in the funds when it	
is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources. In the Statement of Activ	
however, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is o	lue. 9,832
Change in net assets of governmental activities.	\$ (1,186,707)

FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS June 30, 2011

Statement G

	PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST	AGENCY FUNDS
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$ 118,3 125,0	•
Total assets	243,3	
LIABILITIES Due to student groups	······	0 331,681
Total liabilities		0 331,681
NET ASSETS Unreserved, undesignated	243,3	06 0
Total net assets	\$ 243,3	06 \$ 0

FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Statement H

	PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST
<u>ADDITIONS</u>	
Earnings on Investments	. \$ 2,867
Other revenue	11,500
Total additions	14,367
DEDUCTIONS Regular instruction	10,875
Changes in net assets	3,492
Net assets - beginning	239,814
Net assets - ending	\$ 243,306

Jackson Parish School Board June 30, 2011

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NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES The accompanying basic financial statements of the Jackson Parish School Board have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

REPORTING ENTITY The Jackson Parish School Board was created by Louisiana Revised Statute LSA-R.S. 17:51 to provide public education for the children within Jackson Parish. The School Board is authorized by LSA-R.S. 17:81 to establish policies and regulations for its own government consistent with the laws of the state of Louisiana and the regulations of the Louisiana Board of Elementary and Secondary Education. The School Board is comprised of seven members who are elected from ten districts for terms of four years.

The School Board operates five schools within the parish with a total enrollment of approximately 2,264 pupils. In conjunction with the regular educational programs, some of these schools offer special education and/or adult education programs. In addition, the School Board provides transportation and school food services for the students.

GASB Statement 14 establishes criteria for determining the governmental reporting entity and component units that should be included within the reporting entity. Under provisions of this statement, the School Board is considered a primary government since it is a special-purpose government that has a separately elected governing body, is legally separate, and is fiscally independent of other state or local governments. As used in GASB Statement 14, fiscally independent means that the School Board may, without the approval or consent of another governmental entity, determine or modify its own budget, levy its own taxes or set rates or charges, and issue bonded debt. The School Board also has no component units, defined by GASB Statement 14 as other legally separate organizations for which the elected School Board members are financially accountable. There are no other primary governments with which the School Board has a significant relationship.

B. FUNDS The School Board uses funds to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions relating to certain government functions or activities. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Funds of the School Board are classified into two categories: governmental and fiduciary. In turn, each category is divided into separate fund types. The fund classifications and a description of each existing fund type follow:

Governmental Funds Governmental funds account for all or most of the School Board's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of specific or legally restricted monies, the acquisition or construction of general fixed assets, and the servicing of general long-term debt. The School Board reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General fund</u> the general operating fund of the School Board accounts for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in other funds.

<u>OSCB 2011 Series Construction</u> accounts for the construction projects from the receipt of the Qualified School Construction Bond funds in 2011.

<u>Weston OSCB Construction</u> accounts for the construction projects from the receipt of the Qualified School Construction Bond funds in 2010.

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u> Fiduciary funds account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments, or on behalf of other funds within the School Board.

Fiduciary funds include:

<u>J. Allen Memorial Scholarship Expendable Trust Fund</u> - accounted for essentially in the same manner as governmental funds. The resources, including both principal and earnings, may be expended. This scholarship trust fund was created from contributions and memorials from the family and friends of the late I. J. Allen.

<u>School activities agency fund</u> - accounts for assets held by the School Board as an agent for the individual schools and school organizations.

Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS) The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities displays information about the reporting government as a whole. Fiduciary funds are not included in the GWFS. Fiduciary funds are reported only in the Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets at the fund financial statement level.

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities was prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from nonexchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 33 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions.

<u>Program revenues</u> Program revenues include 1) charges for services provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions; program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the School Board's general revenues. Charges for services are primarily derived from cafeteria sales. Operating grants and contributions consist of the many educational grants received from the federal and state government.

Allocation of indirect expenses The School Board reports all direct expenses by function in the Statement of Activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function. Depreciation expense is specifically identified by function and is included in the direct expense of each function. Interest on general long-term debt is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately in the Statement of Activities.

Fund Financial Statements (FFS)

Governmental Fund Types The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. Governmental fund types use the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they are "measurable and available"). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The government considers all revenues available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured principal and interest on general long-term debt which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases and decreases in net current assets. The governmental funds use the following practices in recording revenues and expenditures:

Revenues

<u>Entitlements and shared revenues</u> (which include state equalization and state revenue sharing) are recorded as unrestricted grants-in-aid at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met.

Other receipts become measurable and available when cash is received by the School Board and are recognized as revenue at that time.

Ad valorem taxes are recognized when all applicable eligibility requirements are met and the resources are available.

Sales taxes are recognized when the underlying exchange transaction occurs and the resources are available.

Expenditures

Salaries are recorded as paid. Salaries for nine-month employees are accrued at June 30.

Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers between funds that are not expected to be repaid (or other types, such as sale of fixed assets, debt extinguishments, and long-term debt proceeds) are accounted for as other financing sources (uses). These other financing sources (uses) are recognized at the time the underlying events occur.

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u> Fiduciary funds account for assets held by the government in a trustee capacity or as an agent on behalf of outside parties, including other governments, or on behalf of other funds within the School Board. Fiduciary funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting.

Trust Funds account for assets held by the government under the terms of a normal trust agreement.

Agency Funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not present results of operations or have a measurement focus. This fund is used to account for assets that the government holds for others in an agency capacity.

D. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Cash includes amounts in demand deposits, interest-bearing demand deposits, and money market accounts. Cash equivalents include amounts in time deposits and those investments with original maturities of 90 days or less. Under state law, the School Board may deposit funds in demand deposits, interest-bearing demand deposits, money market accounts, or time deposits with state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having their principal offices in Louisiana.

Under state law, the School Board may invest in United States bonds, treasury notes, or certificates. These are classified as investments if their original maturities exceed 90 days; however, if the original maturities are 90 days or less they are classified as cash equivalents and are stated at cost.

E. INVESTMENTS Investments are limited by R.S. 33:2955 and the School Board's investment policy. If the original maturities of investments exceed 90 days, they are classified as investments; however, if the original maturities are 90 days or less, they are classified as cash equivalents.

The investments are reflected at fair value except for the following which are required/permitted as per GASB Statement No. 31:

- 1. Investments in <u>nonparticipating</u> interest-earning contracts, such as nonnegotiable certificates of deposit with redemption terms that do not consider market rates, are reported using a cost-based measure.
- 2. The School Board reported at amortized cost money market investments and *participating* interest-earning investment contracts that have a remaining maturity at time of purchase of one year or less.

Definitions:

Interest-earning investment contracts include time deposits with financial institutions (such as certificates of deposit), repurchase agreements, and guaranteed investment contracts.

Money market investments are short-term, highly liquid debt instruments that include U. S. Treasury obligations.

- F. SHORT-TERM INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as interfund receivables/payables on the balance sheet. Short-term interfund loans are also classified as interfund receivables/payables.
- G. ELIMINATION AND RECLASSIFICATIONS In the process of aggregating data for the statement of net assets and the statement of activities, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the funds were eliminated or reclassified. Interfund receivables and payables were eliminated to minimize the "grossing up" effect on assets and liabilities within the governmental activities column.
- H. INVENTORY AND PREPAID EXPENSES Inventory items are expensed as purchased except for inventory of the school food service special revenue fund consists of food purchased by the School Board and commodities granted by the United States Department of Agriculture through the Louisiana Department of Agriculture and Forestry. The commodities are recorded as revenues when received; however, all inventory items are recorded as expenditures when purchased unused commodities at June 30 are reported as deferred revenues. All purchased inventory items are valued at cost using first-in, first-out, FIFO, and commodities are assigned values based on information provided by the United States Department of Agriculture.

Certain payments to vendors reflect cost applicable to future accounting periods and are reported as prepaid items.

I. CAPITAL ASSETS Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed and depreciated over their estimated useful lives (including salvage value). The capitalization threshold is \$5,000. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Estimated useful life is management's estimate of how long the asset is expected to meet service demands. Straight line depreciation is used based on the following estimated useful lives:

Infrastructure30 yearsLand improvements40 yearsBuildings10 - 40 yearsFurniture and equipment3 - 10 yearsIntangibles-software5 years

- J. DEFERRED REVENUES The School Board reports deferred revenues on its combined balance sheet. Deferred revenues arise when resources are received by the School Board before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the occurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when the School Board has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenue from the combined balance sheet is removed and the revenue is recognized.
- K. COMPENSATED ABSENCES All 12-month employees earn ten days of vacation leave each year. Vacation leave cannot be accumulated. Upon separation of employment, all unused vacation leave is forfeited.

All School Board employees earn from ten to eighteen days of sick leave each year, depending upon the length of service. Sick leave can be accumulated without limitation. Upon retirement or death, unused accumulated sick leave of up to twenty-five days is paid to the employee or to the employee's estate at the employee's current rate of pay. Under the Louisiana Teachers' Retirement System, and the Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System, all unpaid sick leave is used in the retirement benefit computation as earned service.

The School Board's recognition and measurement criteria for compensated absences follow:

GASB Statement 16 provides that vacation leave and other compensated absences with similar characteristics should be accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned by the employees if both of the following conditions are met:

- A. The employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered.
- B. It is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means, such as cash payments at termination or retirement.

GASB Statement 16 provides that a liability for sick leave should be accrued using one of the following termination approaches:

- A. An accrual for earned sick leave should be made only to the extent it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments, rather than be taken as absences due to illness or other contingencies, such as medical appointments and funerals. The School Board uses this approach and bases the calculation on employees with a minimum year experience level of twenty years.
- B. Alternatively, a governmental entity should estimate its accrued sick leave liability based on the sick leave accumulated at the balance sheet date by those employees who currently are eligible to receive termination payments as well as other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments.
- L. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES For government-wide reporting, the costs associated with the bonds are recognized over the life of the bond. As permitted by GASB Statement No. 34 the amortization of the cost of bonds will be amortized prospectively from the date of adoption of GASB Statement No. 34.

For fund financial reporting, bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs are recognized in the period the bonds are issued. Bond proceeds are reported as another financial source net of the applicable premium or discount. Issuance costs, even if withheld from the actual net proceeds received, are reported as debt-service expenditures.

M. RESTRICTED NET ASSETS For the government-wide statement of net assets, net assets are reported as restricted when constraints placed on net asset use are either:

Externally imposed by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments;

Imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. The restricted assets listed in the Statement of Net Assets are restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

N. FUND EQUITY OF FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS The School Board implemented GASB 54 Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions for the year ended June 30, 2011. GASB 54 requires the fund balance amounts to be reported within the fund balance categories as follows:

<u>Non-spendable</u>: Fund balance that is not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. This category includes items that are not easily converted to cash such as inventories and prepaid items.

<u>Restricted:</u> Fund balance that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u>: Fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes determined by the School Board's highest level of decision making authority. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit the funds. Committed fund balance is the result of either a policy of the School Board or motions were passed at a School Board meeting committing the funds. The motions passed are usually the result of budget revisions.

<u>Assigned:</u> Fund balance that is constrained by the School Board's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent should be expressed by the Board or Finance Committee.

Unassigned: Fund balance that is the residual classification for the general fund.

The School Board reduces committed amounts, followed by assigned amounts and then unassigned amounts when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used. The School Board has no formal minimum fund balance policy; however, the informal amount for minimum balance has been an amount equal to three months of expenditures.

O. INTERFUND ACTIVITY Interfund activity is reported as loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements.

P. SALES TAX On April 22, 1969, the voters of Jackson Parish approved a one percent sales and use tax within the parish. The proceeds from the tax are to be used for the payment of salaries and for expenses of operating schools.

On April 3, 1982, the voters of Jackson Parish approved an additional one percent sales and use tax within the parish (outside the corporate limits of the town of Jonesboro). The proceeds from the tax are to be used fifty percent for constructing or improving schools and the remaining for any lawful purposes of the Board.

On March 20, 2000, a six-tenth of one percent sales and use tax was approved within the parish. The proceeds from the tax are to be used for salaries and benefits for teachers and other employees.

These taxes are collected by the Jackson Parish Sales Tax Collection Agency.

O. BUDGET

<u>General Budget Practices</u> The School Board follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the combined financial statements:

State statute requires budgets to be adopted for the general fund and all special revenue funds.

Each year prior to September, the Superintendent submits to the Board proposed annual budgets for the general fund and special revenue funds' budgets that are not grant oriented. Public hearings are conducted, prior to the Board's approval, to obtain taxpayer comments. Grant funds are included in special revenue funds and their budgets are adopted at the time the grant applications are approved by the governor. The operating budgets include proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.

Appropriations (unexpended budget balances) lapse at year-end.

Formal budget integration (within the accounting records) is employed as a management control device. All budgets are controlled at the function level. Budget amounts included in the accompanying financial statements include the original adopted budget and all subsequent amendments. These revisions were considered insignificant by the Board.

<u>Encumbrances</u> Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is not employed. However, outstanding purchase orders are taken into consideration before expenditures are incurred in order to assure that applicable appropriations are not exceeded.

Budget Basis of Accounting All governmental funds' budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting, a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Budgeted amounts are originally adopted or amended by the Board. Legally, the Board must adopt a balanced budget; that is, total budgeted revenues and other financing sources including fund balance must equal or exceed total budgeted expenditures and other financing uses. State statutes require the Board to amend its budgets when revenues plus projected revenues within a fund are expected to be less than budgeted revenues by five percent or more and/or expenditures within a fund are expected to exceed budgeted expenditures by five percent or more. The School Board approves budgets at the function level and management can transfer amounts between line items within a function.

R. USE OF ESTIMATES The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statement and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2-LEVIED TAXES The School Board levies taxes on real and business personal property located within Jackson Parish's boundaries. Property taxes are levied by the School Board on property values assessed by the Jackson Parish Tax Assessor and approved by the State of Louisiana Tax Commission.

The Jackson Parish Sheriff's Office bills and collects property taxes for the School Board. Collections are remitted to the School Board monthly.

Property Tax Calendar

Millage rates adopted June 7, 2010
Levy date January 1, 2010
Tax bills mailed October 15-31, 2010
Due date December 31, 2010
Lien date January 1, 2011
Tax sale ~ 2010 delinquent property May 20, 2011

Assessed values are established by the Jackson Parish Tax Assessor each year on a uniform basis at the following ratios of assessed value to fair market value:

10% land 15% machinery

10% residential improvements 15% commercial improvements

15% industrial improvements 25% public service properties, excluding land

A revaluation of all property is required after 1978 to be completed no less than every four years. The last revaluation was completed for the roll of January 1, 2008. Total assessed value was \$224,380,110 for calendar year 2010. Louisiana state law exempts the first \$75,000 of assessed value of a taxpayer's primary residence from parish property taxes. This homestead exemption was \$19,154,680 of the assessed value for calendar year 2010.

State law requires the sheriff to collect property taxes in the calendar year in which the assessment is made. Property taxes become delinquent January 1 of the following year. If taxes are not paid by the due date, taxes bear interest at the rate of 1.25% per month until the taxes are paid. After notice is given to the delinquent taxpayers, the sheriff is required by the Constitution of the State of Louisiana to sell the least quantity of property necessary to settle the taxes and interest owed.

All property taxes are recorded in the general, special revenue maintenance funds and sinking funds on the basis explained in Note 1. Revenues in such funds are recognized in the accounting period in which an enforceable legal claim arises. Estimated uncollectible taxes are those taxes based on past experience which will not be collected in the subsequent year and are primarily due to subsequent adjustments to the tax roll.

The tax roll is prepared by the parish tax assessor in October of each year. The collection of the 2010 property taxes occurs in December 2010, and January and February of 2011. The School Board considers the lien date of January 1, 2011 as the legally enforceable date. Accordingly, the 2010 property taxes are recorded in the 2010-2011 fiscal year.

Historically, virtually all ad valorem taxes receivable are collected since they are secured by property. Therefore, there is no allowance for uncollectible taxes.

The following is a summary of authorized and levied (tax rate per \$1,000 Assessed Value) ad valorem taxes:

	Authorized <u>Millage</u>	Levied <u>Millage</u>	Expiration <u>Date</u>
Parish-wide taxes:			
Constitutional	5.00	4.40	Statutory
Parish-wide additional support	7.70	7.41	2013
Parish-wide maintenance and operations	7.78	6.50	2019
Parish-wide additional maintenance and operations	5.37	5.17	2016
District taxes:			
Jonesboro Hodge District	8.00	8.00	2013

NOTE 3-DEPOSITS

Deposits are stated at cost which approximates fair value. Under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal bank agent. The fair value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties.

Interest Rate Risk: The School Board's policy does not address interest rate risk.

<u>Credit Risk:</u> The School Board's invests in Certificates of Deposits which do not have credit ratings; however, the School Board's policy does not address credit rate risk.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk:</u> At year-end, the School Board's carrying amount of deposits was \$21,637,183 (including \$168,063 in certificate of deposits) and the bank balance was \$23,166,153. These deposits are reported as follows: Statement A - cash and cash equivalents, \$21,062,196, and Statement G - cash and cash equivalents, \$449,987 and Statement G - certificate of deposits classified as investments of \$125,000.

Of the bank balance, \$3,074,079 was covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held by the School Board's agent in the School Board's name (GASB Category 1). The remaining balance of \$20,092,074 was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the School Board's name. Even though the pledged securities are considered uncollateralized (Category 3) under the provisions of GASB Statement No. 3, Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1229 imposes a statutory requirement on the custodial bank to advertise and sell the pledged securities within 10 days of being notified by the School Board that the fiscal agent has failed to pay deposited funds upon demand. The School Board's policy does not address custodial credit risk.

NOTE 4-RECEIVABLES The balance of receivables at June 30, 2011, is as follows. The School Board expects to collect the full amount; therefore, no allowance for doubtful accounts has been established.

			Other			
General Go		Gov	vernmental		Total	
\$	•	\$	656,016	, \$	656,016	
	41,726		9,871		51,597	
9	24,670		-		924,670	
	16,378		-		16,378	
\$ 9	82,774	\$	665,887	\$	1,648,661	
	\$		\$ - \$ 41,726 924,670 16,378	General Governmental \$ - \$ 656,016 41,726 9,871 924,670 - 16,378 -	General Governmental \$ - \$ 656,016 \$ 41,726 9,871 924,670 - 16,378 -	

No allowance for doubtful accounts has been recorded as these receivables are expected to be collected in full.

NOTE 5-CAPITAL ASSETS Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2011 is as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	Beginning	Additions	Deletions	Ending
Governmental activities	•			
Nondepreciable capital assets				
Land	\$ 148,650	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 148,650
Construction in Progress	1,025,822	3,451,248	1,184,714	3,292,356
Total nondepreciable capital assets	1,174,472	3,451,248	1,184,714	3,441,006
Depreciable capital assets				
Infrastructure	•	497,004	-	497,004
Land improvements	-	156,058	-	156,058
Buildings	26,718,667	545,622	-	27,264,289
Furniture and equipment	2,940,614	307,189	18,899	3,228,904
Total depreciable capital assets	29,659,281	1,505,873	18,899	31,146,255
Less accumulated depreciation				
Infrastructure	-	7,593	-	7,593
Land improvements	÷	1,138	, •	1,138
Buildings	20,766,659	379,865	-	21,146,524
Furniture and equipment	1,912,400	232,420	18,334	2,126,486
Total accumulated depreciation	22,679,059	621,016	18,334	23,281,741
Depreciable capital assets, net	6,980,222	884,857	565	7,864,514
Governmental activities				
Capital assets, net	<u>\$ 8,154,694</u>	<u>\$ 4,336,105</u>	\$ 1,185,279	\$11,305,520

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

Regular programs	\$ 547,752
Special programs	9,365
Student Transportation	8,347
Food Services	11,857
School Administration	30,334
Other Instructional	13,361
Total depreciation expense	\$ 621,016

NOTE 6-RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

<u>Plan description</u> Substantially all School Board employees participate in either the Teachers' Retirement System or the School Employees' Retirement System (the Systems), which are cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement systems (PERS). Benefit provisions are ultimately approved and amended by the Louisiana Legislature.

Participation in the Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana is divided into two plans - the Teachers' Regular Plan and the Teachers' Plan A. In general, professional employees (such as teachers and principals) and lunchroom workers are members of the Louisiana Teachers' Retirement System (TRSL); other employees, such as custodial personnel and bus drivers, are members of the Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System (LSERS). Generally, all full-time employees are eligible to participate in the system.

With respect to the Teachers' Retirement System Regular Plan, normal retirement is at age 60 with ten years of service, or at any age with 20 years of service for those joining Teachers Retirement on or after July 1, 1999. This is an actuarially reduced benefit for those who have not met the regular retirement stipulations of 30 years at any age or 25 years at age 55. The formula for annual maximum retirement benefits is generally two percent (with less than 25 years of service) or 2.5 percent (with 25 or more years of service) times the years of creditable service times the average salary of the 36 highest successive months (plus \$300 applicable to persons becoming members prior to July 1, 1986).

Under the Teachers' Retirement System Plan A, normal retirement is generally at any age with 30 or more years of creditable service, at age 55 with at least 25 years of creditable service and at age 60 with at least ten years of creditable service. The retirement benefit formula is generally three percent times the years of creditable service times the average salary of the 36 highest successive months plus \$24 per year of service.

Employees participating in the Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System are eligible for normal retirement after 30 years of service, or after 25 years of service at age 55 or after ten years of service at age 60. The maximum retirement allowance is computed at 2.5 percent times the highest 36 months of average salary, times the years of service plus a supplement of \$2.00 per month times the years of service.

Both TRS and LSERS issue annual financial reports. The reports can be obtained by telephoning or writing to the following:

Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System

Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana Post Office Box 94123 Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70804-9123 (225) 925-6446

Post Office Box 44516

Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70804
(225) 925-6484

<u>Funding Policy</u> Each system is administered and controlled at the state level by a separate board of trustees, with contribution rates approved and amended by the Louisiana Legislature. Benefits of the systems are funded by employee and employer contributions. Benefits granted by the retirement systems are guaranteed by the state of Louisiana under provisions of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974. The School Board's employer contribution for the TRSL, as provided by state law, is funded by deductions from local ad valorem taxes and by remittances from the School Board. For the LSERS, the School Board's employer contribution is funded by annual appropriations.

In addition, the employer does not remit to the Teachers' Retirement System, Regular Plan, or Plan A, the employer's contribution for the professional improvement program (PIP) portion of payroll. The PIP contribution is made directly to the Retirement System by the state of Louisiana.

Contribution rates (as a percentage of covered salaries) for active plan members as established by the Louisiana Legislature for the year ended June 30, 2011, are as follows:

	Employee	Employer
Louisiana Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana:		
Regular	8.0%	20.2%
Plan A	9.1%	20.2%
Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System	7.5%	24.3%

Total covered payroll of the School Board for TRSL - Regular Plan, TRSL - Plan A, and LSERS for the year ended June 30, 2011, amounted to \$12,151,774, \$21,049, and \$1,170,057, respectively. Employer contributions for the year ended June 30, 2011, and each of the two preceding years are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	TRSL	LSERS
June 30, 2009	\$1,888,607	\$212,179
June 30, 2010	1,881,452	217,594
June 30, 2011	2,457,110	284,324

Employer contributions totaled 100% of annual actuarially required contributions.

NOTE 7 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) Effective with the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, the School Board implemented Government Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 45, <u>Accounting</u> and Financial Reporting by Employers for Post Employment Benefits Other than Pensions (GASB 45).

Plan description - In accordance with state statutes, the School Board provides certain continuing health care and life insurance benefits for its retired employees on a pay-as-you-go basis. The School Board's OPEB plan is a single-employer defined benefit "substantive plan" as understood by past practices of the School Board and its employees. Although no written plan or trust currently exists or is sanctioned by law, the OPEB plan is reported based on communication to plan members. Also, no stand-alone financial report was prepared. Substantially all of the School Board's employees become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the

School Board. These benefits and similar benefits for active employees are provided through the Louisiana Office of Group Benefits, whose monthly premiums are paid jointly by the employee and the School Board.

Funding Policy - The contribution requirements of plan members and the School Board are established and may be amended by LRS 42:801-883. Employees do not contribute to their post employment benefits cost until they become retirees and begin receiving those benefits. The retirees contribute to the cost of retiree healthcare based on a rate schedule. Contribution amounts are approximately 27% retiree/73% employer of the stated costs of healthcare coverage.

The plan is currently financed on a "pay as you go basis", with the School Board contributing \$1,228,472 for 224 retirees for the year ended June 30, 2011.

Annual Other Post Employment Benefit Cost and Liability - The School Board's Annual Required Contribution (ARC) is an amount actuarially determined in accordance with GASB 45, which is being implemented for the year ended June 30, 2009. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, would cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (UAL) over a period of thirty years. A 30 year amortization period (the maximum amortization period allowed by GASB 45) was used for post employment benefits. The level dollar amortization method was used. The total ARC for fiscal year 2011 is \$2,766,337 as set forth below:

Normai Cost	\$	1,115,782
30-year UAL amortization amount		1,650,555
Annual required contribution (ARC)	<u>\$</u>	2,766,337

The following table presents the School Board's OPEB Obligation for fiscal year 2011:

	2011	2010	2009
Beginning Net OPEB Obligation July 1	\$ 2,442,144	\$ 1,246,263	\$ None
Annual required contribution	2,766,337	2,346,868	2,346,868
Interest on prior year Net OPEB Obligation	97,686	60,855	60,855
Adjustment to ARC	(146,560)	·	
Annual OPEB Cost	2,717,463	2,407,723	2,407,723
Less current year retiree premiums	(1,228,472)	(1,211,842)	(1,161,460)
Increase in Net OPEB Obligation	1,488,991	1,195,881	1,246,263
Ending Net OPEB Obligation at June 30	\$ 3,931,135	\$ 2,442,144	\$ 1,246,263

Utilizing the pay as you go method, the School Board contributed 45.20% of the annual post employment benefits cost during 2011 as compared to 50.33% in 2010 and 48.24% in 2009.

<u>Funded Status and Funding Progress</u> - Since the plan is not funded, the School Board's entire actuarial accrued liability of \$27,503,330 was unfunded.

The funded status of the plan, as determined by an actuary as of July 1, 2010, was as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$	27,503,330
Actuarial value of plan assets		
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$	27,503,330
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)		0%
Covered payroll	\$	14,693,684
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll		187.18%

<u>Actuarial Methods and Assumptions</u> - Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the July 1, 2010, Jackson Parish School Board actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4% investment rate of return and initial actual healthcare cost trend of 6.7% scaling down to ultimate rates of 4.4% per year. The inflation rate is a subset of the healthcare cost trend rate, which is assuming a long-term rate of 2.75%. The RP-2000 Static Health Mortality Table was used in making actuarial assumptions. Withdrawal rates for employees ranged from 7% at age 25 to 2% at age 50. Disability rates ranged from .01% at age 25 to .47% at age 55. Retirement rates ranged from 5% at age 38 to 100% at age 72.

The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2011 for other post employment benefits (OPEB) was twenty-seven years. The required schedule of funding progress immediately following the notes presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing overtime relative to the actuarial accrued liability.

NOTE 8-ACCOUNTS, SALARIES, AND OTHER PAYABLES The payables at June 30, 2011, are as follows:

	General	QSCB 2011 Series Construction	Weston QSCB Constrution	Other Governmental	Total
Salaries	\$ 1,877,544	\$	\$ -	\$ 226,217	\$ 2,103,761
Accounts	474,209	29,522	640,089	7,854	1,151,674
Total	\$ 2,351,753	\$ 29,522	\$ 640,089	\$ 234,071	\$ 3,255,435

NOTE 9 - COMPENSATED ABSENCES At June 30, 2011, employees of the School Board have accumulated and vested \$267,391, of employee leave benefits, including \$3,822 of salary-related benefits. These employee leave benefits were computed in accordance with GASB Codification Section C60.

NOTE 10 - AGENCY FUND DEPOSITS DUE OTHERS A summary of changes in agency fund deposits due others for the year ended June 30, 2011, follows:

	Balance,			Baiance,
	Beginning	Additions	Reductions	Ending
School activities fund	\$ 287,072	\$ 954,609	\$ 910,000	\$ 331,681

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES The following is a summary of the long-term obligation transactions for the year ended June 30, 2011:

	Beginning, Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending, Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities					
Bonds Payable:					
General obligation debt	\$ 1,515,000	\$ -	\$ 675,000	\$ 840,000	\$ 265,000
Revenue Bonds:					
Certificate of indebtedness	222,580	-	52,080	170,500	53,940
QSCB Series 2009	6,000,000	-	400,000	5,600,000	400,000
QSCB Limited Tax Series 2011	-	2,500,000	•	2,500,000	172,600
Other liabilities:					
OPEB Liability	2,442,144	2,717,463	1,228,472	3,931,135	•
Compensated absences	504,306	214,524	451,439	267,391	225,720
Litigation payable	-	125,000	-	125,000	50,000
Claims and Judgments payable	36,751	47,173	73,129	10,795	10,795
Governmental Activities	······································				
Long-term liabilities	\$10,720,781	\$ 5,604,160	\$2,880,120	\$13,444,821	\$1,178,055

The compensated absences, claims and judgments payable and OPEB Liability attributable to the governmental activities will be liquidated by the School Board's governmental funds. In the past, approximately 100% was paid by the general fund. Additionally, the litigation payable will be liquidated by the general fund.

Rate Reduction:

In December 2010, the School Board completed proceedings with respect to the reduction of the interest rate on the remaining outstanding bonds for Jonesboro-Hodge District General Obligation School Bonds, Series 1999 and Weston-Quitman Certificate of Indebtedness, Series 2004A. The interest rate on the Jonesboro-Hodge Bond was reduced from a range of 0.10%-5.50% to a range of 0.10%-3.00% and the interest rate on the Weston-Quitman Bond was reduced from a range of 2.5%-4.5% to 1.95%. The rate reduction did not affect the remaining principal payments and the maturity date for either bond.

Pledged Revenues:

In December 2009, the School Board issued \$6,000,000 and in April 2011, the School Board issued \$2,500,000 in taxable Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCB) to finance construction, rehabilitation, and renovation or repair of public school facilities, including equipping of school facilities. The School Board has pledged, as security for both bonds, a portion of the 4.4 mills Constitutional ad valorem tax. The bonds are payable solely from the constitutional tax collected and are payable through 2024 for the QSCB, Series 2009 and through 2025 for the QSCB, Series 2011. Annual principal and interest payments are expected to require less than 46% of the tax revenues for the QSCB, Series 2009 and 20.2% for the QSCB, Series 2011. Total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the QSCB, Series 2009 is \$5,903,750, and total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the QSCB, Series 2011 is

\$2,788,611. The total principal payments made during the current year from the pledged revenue was \$400,000 and total interest payments made during the current year form the pledged revenue was \$22,500 for the QSCB bonds.

The individual issues are as follows:

	Issue			Maturity	In	terest to	Principal	
Bond issue	Date	Original Issue	Interest Rates	Date	Maturity		Outstanding	
General Obligation:						-,		
Jonesboro-Hodge School District	03/01/00	\$ 3,060,000	0.10%-3.00%	03/01/14	\$	41,725	\$ 840,000	
Revenue Bonds:				•				
QSCB Series 2009	12/15/09	6,000,000	0.375%	10/01/24		303,750	5,600,000	
QSCB Limited Tax Series 2011	04/26/11	2,500,000	6.140%	10/01/25		288,611	2,500,000	
Certificate of Indebtedness								
Series 2004A	07/01/04	800,000	1.95%	06/01/14		6,758	170,500	
Grand Total			•		\$	640,844	\$ 9,110,500	

All principal and interest requirements are funded in accordance with Louisiana law by the annual ad valorem tax levy on taxable property within the parish. At June 30, 2011, the School Board has accumulated \$1,166,813 in the debt service funds for future debt requirements.

The certificate of indebtedness, bonds and QSCB are due as follows:

		Certific							ocen (
		Indebte				Bor			QSCB :			
	P	rincipal	J:	nterest	ŀ	rincipal	icipal In		Principal	Interest		
Year Ending June 30,	P	ayments	_Pa	yments	P	Payments		ayments	Payments	Payments	Total	
2012	\$	53,940	\$	3,325	\$	265,000	\$	18,425	\$ 572,600	\$ 41,111	\$ 954,401	
2013		57,040		2,273		280,000		14,450	572,400	42,500	968,663	
2014		59,520		1,160		295,000		8,850	572,400	42,500	979,430	
2015		-		-				-	572,400	42,500	614,900	
2016		-		-				•	572,400	42,500	614,900	
2017-2021		-		-		-		-	2,862,000	212,500	3,074,500	
2022-2026								-	2,375,800	168,750	2,544,550	
Total	\$	170,500	<u>\$</u>	6,758	\$	840,000	\$	41,725	\$ 8,100,000	\$ 592,361	\$ 9,751,344	

In accordance with Louisiana Revised Statute 39:562, the School Board is legally restricted from incurring long-term bonded debt in excess of 35 percent of the assessed value of taxable property. At June 30, 2011, the statutory limit was \$78,533,039 and outstanding net bonded debt was \$0 (total bonded debt of \$840,000 less \$1,166,813 accumulated in debt service funds).

NOTE 12 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS (FFS LEVEL ONLY)

Interfund Receivable/Payable:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	-	Amount
General	Other governmental		\$ 519,002
Other governmental	General		137,853
		Total	\$ 656,855

The purpose of interfund receivable/payable is to cover expenditures on cost reimbursement programs until reimbursements are received.

Interfund Transfers In/Out:

Transfers In	Transfers Out	Amount
Other governmental funds	General fund	\$ 807,477
Other governmental funds	Other governmental funds	423,500
-	Total	\$ 1,230,977

The purpose of interfund transfers was to cover operating expenditures in the Special revenue funds and to cover principal and interest payments of debt service funds.

NOTE 13 - LITIGATION AND CONTINGENCIES

<u>Litigation</u> At June 30, 2011, the School Board was involved in various litigations. There were several lawsuits that were considered to be probable causing potential liability of approximately \$125,000. A liability of \$125,000 was recorded in the statement of net assets. See Note 11 for long-term liabilities.

Grant Disallowances The School Board participates in a number of state and federally assisted grant programs. The programs are subject to compliance audits under the single audit approach. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursement by the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grants. The School Board's management believes that the amount of disallowances, if any, which may arise from future audits will not be material.

<u>Federal Arbitrage Regulations</u> The School Board's bonded indebtedness is subject to the Internal Revenue Code's provisions applicable to arbitrage earnings. In government finance, these earnings result from the temporary investment of the proceeds of the government entity's tax exempt securities in materially higher yielding taxable securities.

Construction Commitments At June 30, 2011, the School Board had signed construction contracts of \$4,252,500 for renovations to Quitman High, a new roof at Jonesboro-Hodge Middle School, and additions to Southside. The total remaining on these contracts was \$1,587,752 at June 30, 2011.

NOTE 14 - CHANGES IN PRESENTATION For fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, the General fund, Title I fund and Weston QSCB Construction fund were reported as major funds; however, for fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, the General fund, QSCB 2011 Series Construction fund and Weston QSCB Construction fund are reported as major funds.

NOTE 15 - RISK MANAGEMENT The School Board initiated a risk management program for workers' compensation in 1998. The amount of policy coverage is \$1,000,000. The deductible is \$275,000. Claims expenditures and liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. These losses include an estimate of claims that have been incurred but not reported. This liability is the School Board's best estimate based on available information. The liability at June 30, 2011, was \$18,656.

Changes in the claims amount for the year ended June 30, 2011, is as follows:

	Beginning of Fiscal	Claims and Changes in	Benefit Payment	Ending of Fiscal Year Liability		
Years Ended June 30,	Year	Estimates	and Claims			
2008-2009	\$ 135,851	\$ 53,301	\$ 111,529	\$ 77,623		
2009-2010	77,623	7,383	44,404	40,602		
2010-2011	40,602	47,173	69,119	18,656		

Of the \$18,656, the amount showing as current claims payable is \$7,861 in Statement C, which is two months of claims paid after year end. The remaining \$10,795 is reflected in the governmental activities as long term debt in Statement A; however, the full \$10,795 is considered amounts due within one year.

The School Board continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in the past year.

NOTE 16 - ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS FOR FRINGE BENEFITS AND SALARIES On-behalf payments for fringe benefits and salaries are direct payments made by an entity (the paying agent) to a third-party recipient for the employees of another, legally separate entity (the employer entity). GASB Statement No. 24 requires employer governments to recognize revenue and expenditures or expenses for these on-behalf payments.

The State of Louisiana made pension contributions (regarding Professional Improvement Program) directly to the Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana on behalf of the School Board in the amount of \$8,646. This amount was recognized as state revenue and a corresponding expenditure in the applicable fund from which the salary was paid.

NOTE 17 - FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATION DETAILS The following are details of the fund balance classifications:

	General	Fund	`	SCB 2011 Series Instruction		on QSCB struction		Other ernmental		Total
Non-spendable: Inventory	2	_	s	_	\$.		s	18,366	s	18,366
Restricted for:	•		•		•			10,000	•	10,500
Child nutrition program		-		-		-		131,720		131,720
Capital Projects		-		2,470,734		1,680,512		65,344		4,216,590
Debt service		•		-		-		1,166,813		1,166,813
Salaries and maintenance	2,1	53,823		-		-		-		2,153,823
Unassigned		19,080		-		•		•	1	1,719,080
Total	\$ 13,8	72,903		2,470,734	\$	1,680,512	\$	1,382,243	\$ 1	9,406,392

NOTE 18 - ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY Financial Accounting Standards Board Accounting Standards Codification (FASB ASC) 280-10-50-42 requires disclosure in financial statements of a situation where one entity provides more than 10% of the audited entities revenue. The Minimum Foundation funding provided by the state to all public school systems in Louisiana is primarily based on October I student count. The state provided \$10,189,057 to the School Board, which represents approximately 39% of the School Board's total revenue for the year.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Schedule of Funding Progress for Other Post-Employment Benefit Plan

•							•	(b-a/c)
		(a	1)	(b)				UAAL as a
Year	Actuarial	Actu	arial	Actuarial	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	Percentage
Ended	Valuation	Valu	e of	Accrued	Unfunded	Funded	Covered	of Covered
June 30	Date	Ass	ets	Liability (AAL)	AAL (UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
2009	July 1, 2008	\$	-	\$ 26,307,549	\$26,307,549	0%	\$ 14,636,198	179.74%
2010	July 1, 2008		-	26,307,549	26,307,549	0%	14,694,134	179.03%
2011	July 1, 2010		-	27,503,330	27,503,330	0%	14,693,684	187.18%

Budgetary Comparison Schedules

GENERAL FUND The general fund accounts for all activities of the School Board except those that are accounted for in other funds.

GENERAL FUND Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Exhibit 1-1

	BUDGETED AMOUNTS					ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE			
			AM			AMOUNTS				
		RIGINAL		FINAL	Buc	Igetary Basis)		NEGATIVE)		
BUDGETARY FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	\$	12,984,577	\$	14,521,053	\$	14,521,053	\$. 0		
Resources (inflows)										
Local sources:										
Taxes:								_		
Ad valorem		4,300,000		5,007,333		5,007,333		0		
Sales tax		7,500,000		6,686,524		6,267,649		(418,875)		
Interest earnings		285,300		114,981		134,670		19,689		
Other		497,315		236,542		257,198		20,656		
State sources:										
Equalization		10,090,561		10,011,358		10,011,357		(1)		
Other .		777,932		183,256		163,129		(20,127)		
Federal sources		48,612		19,068		1,216		(17,852)		
Transfers from other funds		500,000		493,000		0		(493,000)		
Amounts available for appropriations		38,984,297		37,273,115		36,363,605		(909,510)		
Charges to appropriations (outflows)										
Current:										
Instruction:										
Regular programs		10,159,763		10,103,069		9,486,758	٠	616,311		
Special programs		1,867,658		2,276,149		2,151,906		124,243		
Other instructional programs		1,108,913		1,043,176		813,972		229,204		
Support services:		1,100,010		.,,		- · · · · · · ·				
Student services		1,202,554		1,229,187		878,189		350,998		
Instructional staff support		978,021		1,007,190		1,192,555		(185,365)		
General administration		788,601		975,600		828,340		147,260		
School administration		968,505		1,132,001		1,102,652	-	29,349		
Business services		367,606		420,154		472,320		(52,166)		
Plant services		1,559,091		2,205,247		2,349,970		(144,723)		
Student transportation services		1,660,308		2,114,470		1,658,375		456,095		
Food services		361,540		363,971		426,072		(62,101)		
Capital Outlay		50,000		0		322,116		(322,116)		
Debt service:		00,000		·		OLL, FIL		(022, 110)		
Principal payment		. 0		600,000		·		600,000		
Transfers to other funds		700,000		500,000		796,227		(296,227)		
Total charges to appropriations		21,772,558		23,970,214		22,479,452		1,490,762		
BUDGETARY FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	15.211.739	s	13,302,901	s	13.884.153	\$	581,252		

Jackson Parish School Board Notes to the Budgetary Comparison Schedules For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

A. BUDGETS

<u>General Budget Practices</u> The School Board follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the combined financial statements:

State statute requires budgets to be adopted for the general fund and all special revenue funds.

Each year prior to September, the Superintendent submits to the Board proposed annual budgets for the general fund and special revenue funds. Public hearings are conducted, prior to the Board's approval, to obtain taxpayer comments. The operating budgets include proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.

Appropriations (unexpected budget balances) lapse at year-end.

Formal budget integration (within the accounting records) is employed as a management control device. All budgets are controlled at the function level. Budget amounts included in the accompanying financial statements include the original adopted budget and all subsequent amendments. These revisions were considered insignificant by the Board.

<u>Encumbrances</u> Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is not employed. However, outstanding purchase orders are taken into consideration before expenditures are incurred in order to assure that applicable appropriations are not exceeded.

Budget Basis of Accounting The General Fund's budget is prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting, a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) except for transfers in and out. Budgeted amounts are originally adopted or amended by the Board. Legally, the Board must adopt a balanced budget; that is, total budgeted revenues and other financing sources including fund balance must equal or exceed total budgeted expenditures and other financing uses. State statutes require the Board to amend its budgets when revenues plus projected revenues within a fund are expected to be less than budgeted revenues by five percent or more and/or expenditures within a fund are expected to exceed budgeted expenditures by five percent or more. The School Board approves budgets at the function level and management can transfer amounts between line items within a function.

Notes to the Budgetary Comparison Schedules For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Note B - Budget to GAAP Reconciliation - Explanation of differences between budgetary inflows and outflows and GAAP revenues and expenditures

	GENERAL FUND
Sources/inflows of resources:	
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available for appropriation"	•
from the Budgetary Comparison Schedule	\$ 36,363,605
The fund balance at the beginning of the year is a budgetary	
resource but is not a current year revenue for financial	
reporting purposes	(14,521,053)
Total revenues as reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -	
Governmental Funds	\$ 21,842,552
<u>Uses/outflows of resources:</u>	
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "Total charges to	
appropriations" from the Budgetary Comparison Schedule	\$ 22,479,452
Transfer to other funds are outflows of budgetary resources	
but are not expenditures for financial reporting purposes	(796,227)
Total expenditures as reported on the Statement of Revenues,	
Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -	
Governmental Funds	\$ 21,683,225

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Combining Balance Sheet - By Fund Type June 30, 2011

Exhibit 2

		PECIAL EVENUE	 DEBT SERVICE		APITAL OJECTS	TOTAL	
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	156,200	\$ 1,144,813	\$	17,514	\$	1,318,527
Receivables		665,887	0		0		665,887
Interfund receivables		51,778	38,245		47,830		137,853
Inventory		18,366	 0		0		18,366
TOTAL ASSETS		892,231	1,183,058		65,344		2,140,633
•			,		,		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES			·				
Liabilities:							
Accounts, salaries and other payables		234,071	0		0		234,071
Interfund payables		502,757	16,245		. 0		519,002
Deferred revenue	******	5,317	 0		0		5,317
Total Liabilities		742,145	 16,245		0		758,390
Fund Balances:							
Nonspendable		18,366	. 0		0		18,366
Restricted		131,720	 1,166,813		65,344		1,363,877
Total Fund Balances		150,086	 1,166,813		65,344		1,382,243
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	892,231	\$ 1,183,058	\$	65,344	\$	2,140,633

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - By Fund Type For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Exhibit 3

					•		
	S	IPECIAL .		DEBT	CAPITAL		
	· R	EVENUE	8	SERVICE	PROJECTS		TOTAL
REVENUES	4	····			<u> </u>		
Local sources:							
Taxes:							
Ad valorem	\$	0	\$	353,187	\$ 0	\$	353,187
Interest earnings		1,485		2,410	161		4,056
Food services		274,424		0	0		274,424
Other		1,740		0	0		1,740
State sources:							
Equalization		177,700		0	0		177,700
Other		137,278		. 0	0		137,278
Federal sources		3,273,813		0	0		3,273,813
Total Revenues		3,866,440		355,597	· 161		4,222,198
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Instruction:							
Regular programs		687,305		0	a		687,305
Special programs	•	220,680		0	0		220,680
Other instructional programs		895,772		0	0		895,772
Support services:							
Student services		131,104		0	0		131,104
Instructional staff support		380,414		0	0		380,414
General administration		141,747		13,165	. 0		154,912
School administration		47,524		0	0		47,524
Business services		5,940		0	0		5,940
Plant services		29,702		0	0		29,702
Student transportation services		49,218		0	0		49,218
Food services		1,226,099		. 0	O		1,226,099
Capital outlay		81,479		4,287	O		85,766
Debt service:							
Principal retirement		0		1,127,080	0		1,127,080
Interest and bank charges	· .	0	_	124,758	0		124,758
Total Expenditures		3,896,984		1,269,290	0	<u>.</u>	5,166,274
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES							
OVER EXPENDITURES	\$	(30,544)	\$_	(913,693)	\$ 161	\$	(944,076)

(Continued)

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - By Fund Type For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Exhibit 3

	SPECIAL REVENUE			DEBT SERVICE		APITAL DJECTS	TOTAL	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	\$	0	\$	1,230,977	\$	0	\$	1,230,977
Transfers out		0		(423,500)		0		(423,500)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		0		807,477	, ",. '	0		807,477
Net Change in Fund Balances		(30,544)		(106,216)		161		(136,599)
FUND BALANCES, AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		180,630		1,273,029		65,183		1,518,842
FUND BALANCES, AT END OF YEAR	\$	150,086	\$	1,166,813	\$	65,344	\$	1,382,243

(Concluded)

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

<u>CHILD NUTRITION</u> Through cash grants and food donations, the school food service fund assists in providing a nutritious breakfast and lunch service for school students and encourages the domestic consumption of nutritious agricultural commodities.

<u>TITLE I</u> This program improves the educational opportunities of socially and economically deprived children by helping them succeed in regular school programs, attain grade level proficiency, and improve achievement in basic and more advanced skills.

TITLE II This program is designed to improve the skills of teachers and the quality of instruction in mathematics and science, and, to increase the accessibility of such instruction to all students.

SPECIAL EDUCATION

Special Education - Preschool Grants - These grants to states assist them in providing a free, appropriate public education to preschool disabled children aged three through five years.

Special Education - State Grants - These grants to states assist them in providing a free appropriate public education to all children with disabilities.

Award of State Funds For Contract Services - These funds provide financial assistance for contract services for speech, physical and occupational therapy.

<u>DRUG FREE SCHOOL</u>. This program was designed to establish state and local programs of alcohol and drug abuse education and prevention coordinated with related community efforts and resources.

VOCATIONAL EDUCATION/EETT/LA4

Vocational Education - Basic Grants to the States - This program was designed to make the United States more competitive in the world economy by developing more fully the academic and occupational skills of all segments of the population, principally through concentrating resources on improving educational programs leading to academic and occupational skills needed to work in a technologically advanced society.

Enhancing Education Thorough Technology - This program is to assist students in improving their understanding of new technology.

LA4 - This program is to provide financial assistance to develop educational programs for preschool children.

REAP (RURAL EDUCATION ACHIEVEMENT PROGRAM) This program was designed to provide high-poverty, rural local educational agencies with teacher professional development and educational technology.

MISCELLANEOUS FEDERAL FUNDS

Rural and Low Income School To provide financial assistance to rural districts to carry out activities to help improve the quality of teaching and learning.

(Continued)

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Comprehensive School Reform This program is designed to improve the learning of students by hiring additional, highly qualified teachers, to reduce class sizes especially in the early grades, to enable children to attend smaller classes.

<u>EDUCATION JOBS</u> This program is a one-time appropriation under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 to provide assistance with financial needs for education purposes.

(Concluded)

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2011

	CHILD NUTRITION		TITLE		TITLE II		SPECIAL EDUCATION	
ASSETS					•			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	156,200	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0
Receivables		4,859		321,502		43,125	•	151,339
Interfund receivables		51,778		0		0		0
Inventory		18,366		0		0		0
TOTAL ASSETS		231,203		321,502		43,125		151,339
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities:			-					
Accounts, salaries and other payables		75,800		84,169		16,981		25,585
Interfund payables		0		237,333		26,144		125,754
Deferred revenue		5,317		. 0		0		0
Total Liabilities		81,117		321,502		43,125		151,339
Fund Balances:						•		
Nonspendable		18,366		0		0		0
Restricted		131,720		0		0		0
Total Fund Balances		150,086		0		0		0
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	231,203	\$_	321,502	\$	43,125	\$	151,339

Exhibit 4

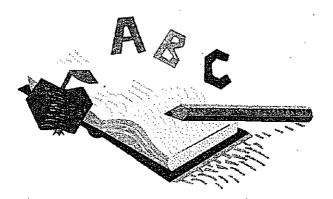
DRUG FREE SCHOOL		VOCATIONAL EDUCATION EETT/LA4		REAP		MISCELLANEOUS FEDERAL FUNDS		EDUCATION JOBS		TOTAL	
\$	D	\$	0	\$	o	\$	0	\$	0	\$	156,200
	3,650		25,396		10,192		14,153		91,671		665,887
	. 0		0		0		. 0		0		51,778
	0		0	~	0		0	<u>`</u>	0		18,368
	3,650		25,396		10,192		14,153		91,671		892,231
	0 3,650 0		19,952 5,444 0		4,107 6,085		7,477 6,676 0		0 91,671 0		234,071 502,757 5,317
	3,650		25,396		10,192		14,153		91,671		742,145
	0		0		0		0		. 0		18,366
	0		0		0		0		0		131,720
	0		0		0		0		· <u> </u>		150,086
\$	3,650	\$	25,396	\$	10,192	\$	14,153	\$	91,671	\$	892,231

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Ni.	CHILD TRITION		TITLE		TITLE H		PECIAL UCATION
REVENUES								
Local sources:								
Interest earnings	\$	1,485	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0
Food service		274,424	_	. 0		0		0
Other		1,735		5		0		0
State sources:								
Equalization		177,700		0		0		0
Other		0		Ó		0		0
Federal sources		816,004		1,013,037		121,514		605,174
Total Revenues		1,271,348		1,013,042		121,514		605,174
EXPENDITURES		•				,		
Current:								
Instruction:					Ł	4		
Regular programs	٠,	0		0		0		247,354
Special programs		0		0		0		157,263
Other instructional programs		0		694,697		81,513		0
Support services:								
Student services		. 0		0		0		111,679
Instructional staff support		0		245,588		30,086		42,152
General administration		0		72,757		9,915		45,032
School administration		0		0		0		0
Business services		0		0		0		0
Plant services		0		0		٥		0
Student transportation services		0		D		D		1,694
Food services		1,220,159		0		0		0
Capital outlay		81,479		0		0		0
Total Expenditures		1,301,638		1,013,042		121,514		605,174
Net Change in Fund Balances		(30,290)		0		0		0
FUND BALANCES AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		180,376		0		. 0		0
FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR	\$	150,086	<u>\$</u>	0	\$	0	\$	0

Exhibit 5

DRUG FREE	ED	VOCATIONAL EDUCATION/ EETT/LA4		REAP		SCELLANEOUS FEDERAL FUNDS	EDUCATION JOBS			TOTAL
\$ 0	\$	0	\$. 0	\$	0	\$. 0	\$	1,485
C	, .	0		0		0		0		274,424
ď)	0		0		0		0		1,740
C)	0		. 0		. 0		0		177,700
C)	14,432		0		122,846		0		137,278
8,925		203,511		29,754		8,587		467,307		3,273,813
8,92	<u>. </u>	217,943		29,754		131,433		467,307		3,866,440
8,925 () ;	184,141 0 33,783		0 0 27,611		122,846 6,983 254 1,604		132,964 56,434 48,989 17,821		687,305 220,680 895,772 131,104
(0		0		0		62,588		380,414
(19		2,143		0		11,881		141,747
(O		0		σ		47,524		47,524
. (0		0		O		5,940		5,940
(0		0		0		29,702		29,702
(O-		0		0		47,524		49,218
(. 0		0		0		5,940		1,226,099
				0		0		0	<u></u>	81,479
8,92	<u> </u>	217,943		29,754		131,687		467,307		3,896,984
·)	. 0		0		(254)		0		(30,544)
	<u>)</u>	0		0		254		0		180,630
\$ (\$	0	\$	<u> </u>	\$	0	\$	0	\$	150,086



Nonmajor Debt Service Funds

QUITMAN BOND

WESTON BOND

JONESBORO HODGE GENERAL OBLIGATION

JPSB (JACKSON PARISH SCHOOL BOARD) CERTIFICATE OF INDEBTEDNESS

WESTON-QUITMAN CERTIFICATE OF INDEBTEDNESS 2004

TAXABLE QSCB SERIES 09

TAXABLE QSCB SERIES 11

The debt service funds are used to accumulate monies to pay outstanding bond issues. The bonds were issued by the respective school districts to acquire land for building sites and to purchase, erect, and improve school buildings, equipment, and furnishings. The bond issues are financed by an ad valorem tax on property within the legal boundaries of the respective school districts.

NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2011

	QUITMAN BOND		WESTON BOND		NESBORO HODGE ENERAL LIGATION
ASSETS	,				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 109,453	\$	112,186	\$	224,874
Interfund receivables	(0		0
TOTAL ASSETS	109,453) = ====	112,186		224,874
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities:					
Interfund payables			16,245		<u> </u>
Total Liabilities		<u> </u>	16,245		0
Fund Balances:					
Restricted	109,453	<u> </u>	95,941		224,874
Total Fund Balances	109,453	<u> </u>	95,941		224,874
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 109,453	\$_\$	112,186	\$	224,874
		= ===			

Exhibit 6

JPSB CERTIFICATE OF INDEBTEDNESS		WESTON - QUITMAN CERTIFICATE OF INDEBTEDNESS 2004			TAXABLE QSCB SERIES 09		TAXABLE QSCB SERIES 11	TOTAL		
\$ 	0 38,245	\$	4,619 0	\$	399,985 0	\$	293,696 0	\$	1,144,813 38,245	
	38,245		4,619		399,985		293,696	· · · · · ·	1,183,058	
	0	<u> </u>	0		0		0		16,245	
	0		0		0		0		16,245	
	38,245		4,619		399,985		293,696		1,168,813	
	38,245		4,619		399,985	- , .	293,696		1,166,813	
\$.	38,245	\$	4,619	\$	399,985	\$	293,698	\$	1,183,058	

NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

	QUITMAN BOND	WESTON BOND	JONESBORO HODGE GENERAL OBLIGATION
REVENUES			•
Local sources:			
Taxes:			
Ad valorem	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 353,187
Interest earnings	0	0	2,410
Total Revenues	. 0	0	355,597
EXPENDITURES		-	
Current:			
Support services:		•	
General administration	0	0	13,165
Capital outlay	0	0	4,287
Debt service:			
Principal retirement	245,000	175,000	255,000
Interest and bank charges	10,429	9,563	47,669
Total Expenditures	255,429	184,563	320,121
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES			
OVER EXPENDITURES	(255,429)	(184,563)	35,476
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers in	0	0	0
Transfers out	0	0	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0	0	0
Net Change in Fund Balances	(255,429)	(184,563)	35,476
FUND BALANCES, AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	364,882	280,504	189,398
FUND BALANCES, AT END OF YEAR	\$ 109,453	\$ 95,941	\$ 224,874

Exhibit 7

JPSB CERTIFICATE OF INDEBTEDNESS	WESTON - QUITMAN CERTIFICATE OF INDEBTEDNESS 2004	TAXABLE QSCB SERIES 09	TAXABLE QSCB SERIES 11	TOTAL		
\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 353,187		
0	0	0	0	2,410		
0	0	0	0	355,597		
0	0	O	0	13,165		
. 0	0	Ō	0	4,287		
0	52,080	400,000	0	1,127,080		
0	6,882	22,500	27,715	124,758		
0	58,962	422,500	27,715	1,269,290		
	/ra nea\	(400 F00)	(07 745)	(040 000)		
0	(58,962)	(422,500)	(27,715)	(913,693)		
0	63,581	845,985	321,411	1,230,977		
0	0	(423,500)	0	(423,500)		
0	63,581	422,485	321,411	807,477		
0	4,619	(15)	293,696	(106,216)		
38,245	0	400,000	0	1,273,029		
\$ 38,245	\$ 4,619	\$ 399,985	\$ 293,696	\$ 1,166,813		

Agency Funds

SCHOOL ACTIVITIES AGENCY FUND The activities of the various individual school accounts are accounted for in the school activities agency fund. While the accounts are under the supervision of the School Board, they belong to the individual schools or their student bodies and are not available for use by the School Board.

JACKSON PARISH SCHOOL BOARD

AGENCY FUNDS Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities June 30, 2011

•	,	Exhibit 8
	A	SCHOOL CTIVITIES AGENCY FUND
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents		331,681
Total assets		331,681
LIABILITIES: Deposits due others		331,681
Total liabilities	· \$	331,681

JACKSON PARISH SCHOOL BOARD

SCHOOL ACITIVITES AGENCY FUND Schedule of Changes in Deposits Due Others For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Exhibit 9

SCHOOL	alance, ginning	A	ditions	De	ductions	 Balance, Ending
Jonesboro-Hodge Jr. High	\$ 8,500	\$.	43,303	\$	42,000	\$ 9,803
Jonesboro-Hodge Sr. High	37,224		231,860		223,316	45,768
Quitman High	117,214		296,956		278,315	135,855
Southside Elementary	·4,945		32,560		29,979	7,526
Weston High	 119,189		349,930		336,390	 132,729
Total	\$ 287,072	\$	954,609	\$	910,000	\$ 331,681

Jackson Parish School Board

Schedule of Compensation Paid Board Members For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Exhibit 10

The schedule of compensation paid School Board members is in compliance with House Concurrent Resolution No. 54 of the 1979 Session of the Louisiana Legislature. Compensation of the School Board members is included in the general administrative expenditures of the general fund. In accordance with Louisiana Revised Statute 17:56, the School Board members have elected the monthly payment method of compensation. Under this method, each member of the School Board receives \$400 per month and the President receives \$500 per month.

Board Member	Amount
Melissa Perry, President	\$ 8,400
Calvin Waggoner, Vice President	7,200
Wade McBride	7,200
Gerry Mims	7,200
Harvey T. Robinson	7,200
Dennis Clary	7,200
Mary Saulters	7,200
TOTAL	<u>\$51,600</u>

Jackson Parish School Board

SINGLE AUDIT INFORMATION

ALLEN, GREEN & WILLIAMSON, LLP



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Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Board Members Jackson Parish School Board Jonesboro, Louisiana

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Jackson Parish School Board as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the School Board's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 21, 2011. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

The management of the School Board is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the School Board's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School Board's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School Board's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and therefore, there can be no assurance that all deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses have been identified. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be a material weakness and other deficiencies that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the School Board's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as 11-F2 to be a material weakness.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Question Costs as 11-F1, 11-F3, 11-F4, and 11-F5, and 11-F6 to be significant deficiencies.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School Board's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or matter that is required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> which are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item 11-F1 and 11-F6.

The School Board's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Corrective Action Plan of Current Year Audit Findings and Questioned Costs. We did not audit the School Board's responses and accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of the School Board in a separate letter dated December 21, 2011.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board, management, others within the entity, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. Although the intended use of these reports may be limited, under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513 this report is distributed by the office of the Louisiana Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Allen, Theen & Williamson, LLP ALLEN, GREEN & WILLIAMSON, LLP

Monroe, Louisiana December 21, 2011



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Report on Compliance with Requirements That Could Have a Direct and Material Effect on Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133

Independent Auditors' Report

Board Members Jackson Parish School Board Jonesboro, Louisiana

Compliance

We have audited Jackson Parish School Board's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the School Board's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2011. The School Board's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the School Board's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the School Board's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the School Board's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the School Board's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the School Board complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2011. However, the results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance with those requirements, which are required to be reported in accordance with OMB Circular A-133 and which are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as items 11-F7, 11-F8, and 11-F9.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the School Board is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the School Board's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School Board's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be significant deficiencies as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as items 11-F7, 11-F8, and 11-F9. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

The School Board's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Corrective Action Plan for Current Year Audit Findings and Questioned Costs. We did not audit the School Board's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board, management, others within the entity, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. Although the intended use of these reports may be limited, under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513 this report is distributed by the office of the Louisiana Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Aller, Sheen & Williamson, LLP
ALLEN, GREEN & WILLIAMSON, LLP

Monroe, Louisiana December 21, 2011

Jackson Parish School Board Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

FEDERAL GRANTOR/ PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/PROGRAM NAME	CFDA Number	Pass Through Grantor No.	Expenditures
PASS-TAROUGH GRAITION ROOKAM HAME	1100000	Grantol 110.	
United States Department of Agriculture			
Passed Through Louisiana Department of Education:			
Child Nutrition Cluster:			
Non Cash Assistance (Commodities):			
National School Lunch Program	10.555	N/A	\$ 65,346
Cash Assistance:			
School Breakfast Program	10.553	N/A	206,620
National School Lunch Program	10.555	N/A	544,038
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			816,004
Total United States Department of Agriculture			816,004
United States Department of Education			
Passed Through Louisiana Department of Education:			
Title I Part A Cluster:			
Basic Grant Program	84.010A	28-11-T1-25	818,922
Title I ARRA	84.389A	28-09-A1-25	194,115
Total Title I Part A Cluster			1,013,037
Special Education Cluster:			
Grants to States (Part B)	84.027A	28-11-B1-25	420,434
		28-10-B1-25	
Preschool Grants	84.173A	28-11-P1-25	2,046
IDEA Part B ARRA	84.391A	28-09-AI-25	186,354
Preschool Grants ARRA	84.392A	28-09-AP-25	4,927
Total Special Education Cluster			613,761
Title II (Teacher and Principal Training and Recruiting)	84.367A	28-11-50-25	124,469
•		28-10-50-25	
Title IV (Safe and Drug Free Communities - State Grant)	84.186A	28-11-70-25	8,925
·		28-10-70-25	
Educational Technology State Grants Cluster:			
Enhancing Education Through Technology	84.318X	28-10-49-25	1,662
Education Technology State Grants, Recovery Act	84.386A	28-09-59-25	1,813
Total Educational Technology State Grants Cluster		•	3,475
Vocational Education:			
Basic Grants to States	84.048	28-11-02-25	34,999
Education Jobs Grant-ARRA	84.410A	28-11-EJ-25	467,307
Rural Education Achievement Program (REAP)	84.358B	28-10-RE-25	29,754
Total United States Department of Education		•	2,295,727
United States Department of Health & Human Services			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Passed Through Louisiana Department of Education:			
TANF - The Cecil J. Picard LA4 Early Childhood Program	93.558	2 8- 11 - 36-25	163,298
Total United States Department of Health & Human Services			163,298
TOTAL FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ 3,275,029
·			4 5,010,007

Jackson Parish School Board Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

NOTE 1 - GENERAL The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents the activity of all federal awards programs of the Jackson Parish School Board. The School Board reporting entity is defined in Note 1 of the notes to the basic financial statement to the School Board's annual financial report. Federal awards received directly from federal agencies, as well as federal awards passed through other government agencies, are included in the schedule.

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF ACCOUNTING The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is described in Note 1 of the notes to the basic financial statement to the School Board's annual financial report.

NOTE 3 - RELATIONSHIP TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Federal awards revenues are reported in the School Board's basic financial statements as follows:

	Federal Sources
Major funds:	
General	\$ 1,216
Non major special revenue funds:	
Child Nutrition	816,004
Title I	1,013,037
Title II	121,514
Special Education	605,174
Drug Free School	8,925
Vocational Education/EETT/LA4	203,511
REAP	29,754
Miscellaneous Federal Funds	8,58 7
Education Jobs	467,307
Total	\$ 3,275,029

NOTE 4 - RELATIONSHIP TO FEDERAL FINANCIAL REPORTS Amounts reported in the accompanying schedule agree with the amounts reported in the related federal financial reports except for changes made to reflect amounts in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

<u>NOTE 5 - MATCHING REVENUES</u> For those funds that have matching revenues and state funding, federal expenditures were determined by deducting matching revenues from total expenditures.

<u>NOTE 6 - NONCASH PROGRAMS</u> The commodities received, which are noncash revenues, are valued using prices provided by the United States Department of Agriculture.

PART I - Summary of the Auditors' Results

Financial Statement Audit

- i. The type of audit report issued was unqualified.
- ii. There were six significant deficiencies required to be disclosed by Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States of America.

The significant deficiency described as 11-F2 was considered to be a material weakness.

iii. There were two instances of noncompliance considered material, as defined by the Government Auditing Standards, to the financial statement.

Audit of Federal Awards

iv. There were three significant deficiencies required to be disclosed by OMB Circular A-133.

The significant deficiencies were not considered to be material weaknesses.

- v. The type of report the auditor issued on compliance for major programs was unqualified.
- vi. The audit disclosed three audit findings which the auditor is required to report under OMB Circular A-133, Section .510(a).
- vii. The major federal programs are:

Title I chuster:	
Title I Part A	CFDA# 84.010A
Title I ARRA	CFDA# 84.389A
Special Education cluster:	,
IDEA (Part B)	CFDA# 84.027A
IDEA (Part B) ARRA	CFDA# 84.391A
Preschool	CFDA# 84.173A
Preschool ARRA	CFDA# 84.392A
Education Jobs-ARRA	CFDA# 84.410A
Title II	CFDA# 84.367A

- viii. The dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs as described in OMB Circular A-133, Section .520(b) was \$300,000.
- ix. The auditee does not qualify as a low-risk auditee under OMB Circular A-133, Section .530.

Part II - Findings related to the financial statements which are required to be reported in accordance with Government Auditing Standards generally accepted in the United States of America:

Reference # and title:

11-F1

Violation of the Public Bid Law

Entity-Wide or program /department specific: This finding is entity wide.

<u>Criteria or specific requirement</u>: The Louisiana State Bid Law R. S. 38:2212.1 reads in part, "all purchases of materials and supplies exceeding the sum of thirty thousand dollars to be paid out of public funds shall be advertised and awarded by contract to the lowest responsible bidder".

Condition: In reviewing board minutes for the Building and Grounds Committee from March 14, 2011, it was noted that the School Board approved purchasing playground equipment for three schools totaling \$82,078. The School Board did not follow the Louisiana State Bid Law and complete the process for bids on the playground equipment.

Possible asserted effect (cause and effect):

<u>Cause</u>: The auditor was unable to determine the cause for the exceptions noted above.

Effect: The School Board did not meet the requirements of the Louisiana State Bid Law.

Recommendations to prevent future occurrences: The School Board should establish procedures to ensure the requirements of the bid law are followed for all future purchases.

Reference # and title: 11-F2 Inadequate Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Entity-Wide or program/department specific: This finding is entity-wide.

<u>Criteria or specific requirement</u>: Good internal control over financial reporting requires that accounting records contain accurate and complete information which would ensure that financial data can be relied upon to monitor the financial well-being of the School Board. In testing fifteen cash receipts, there were six deposits which were not deposited timely (within 3 business days).

<u>Condition found</u>: During the examination of the School Board's accounting records, the following items were noted:

- In reviewing six bank reconciliations, one of the bank reconciliations was not completed timely. Also noted were several outstanding checks greater than one year old on the reconciliations for the General Fund, Payroll Fund, and Sales Tax Fund bank accounts. It was also noted that three of the six bank reconciliations were not initialed and dated as reviewed. In testing cash receipts, six of the fifteen deposits were not deposited in a timely manner (within 3 business days).
- In the search for unrecorded liabilities, it was noted that three invoices totaling approximately \$169,000 were not accrued at June 30, 2011.
- In testing unrecorded receivables, there were two amounts found recorded as an accounts receivable which should have been recorded as due from other funds.

Part II – Findings related to the financial statements which are required to be reported in accordance with Government Auditing Standards generally accepted in the United States of America:

- In testing income, it was noted that income was credited to one fund for \$72,332 when it should have been credited against a due from general ledger account and an accounts receivable in the amount of \$15,830 had not been recorded for Medicaid.
- In testing expenditures, it was noted that the School Board does not properly allocate group benefits among the functions that the employee's salary is being charged.
- In testing income for federal programs, it was noted that the School Board is not transferring monies received for State and Federal programs to the corresponding funds in a timely manner.
- It was noted that the School Board is not always requesting funds from the state on cost reimbursement programs in a timely manner.

Possible asserted effect (cause and effect):

Cause: The auditor was unable to determine the cause.

Effect: The internal controls over the financial reporting are weakened.

Recommendations to prevent future occurrences: The School Board should establish policies and procedures to ensure adequate internal controls over financial reporting and to ensure those policies and procedures are adhered to.

Reference # and title: 11-F3 Internal Controls - Maintenance Department

Entity-wide or program/department specific: This finding is specific to the maintenance department.

<u>Criteria or specific requirement</u>: Good internal controls include having documentation of a work order to initiate the process and a completion date indicating all work has been done. Invoices should be paid in a timely manner and procedures in place to ensure no duplicate payments are made. To follow good business practice, requests for proposal (RFP) should be taken for routine maintenance required during the year.

<u>Condition found</u>: In testing invoices for the maintenance department, it was noted that the School Board does not have a work order system in place that could be adequately tested in the audit process. It was also noted that routine maintenance projects are performed by the same vendor throughout the year.

In testing twenty maintenance disbursements, the following items were noted:

- One invoice was noted in which an employee of a vendor signed for the purchase and charged it to the School Board.
- Two invoices were noted totaling \$400 each which appeared to be duplicates of the work performed.
- One check was noted dated December 13, 2010, in which the dates on the invoices ranged from December 30, 2009 to December 8, 2010.
- One check was noted dated December 16, 2010, in which the dates on the invoices ranged from August 2, 2010 to November 29, 2010.
- On one check dated June 9, 2011, the dates on the invoices were from February and March, 2011.

Part II – Findings related to the financial statements which are required to be reported in accordance with Government Auditing Standards generally accepted in the United States of America:

Possible asserted effect (cause and effect):

Cause: The auditor was unable to determine the cause.

Effect: Internal controls over maintenance activities have been weakened.

Recommendation to prevent future occurrences: The School Board should establish a work order system to provide adequate documentation from initiation to completion. Procedures should be established to ensure invoices are paid in a timely manner and that duplicate payments do not occur. The School Board should consider accepting requests for proposal (RFP) for routine maintenance performed throughout the year.

Reference # and title: 11-F4 Disbursements

Entity-Wide or program/department specific: This finding is entity-wide.

<u>Criteria or specific requirement</u>: Proper internal controls over payroll disbursements require that proper documentation should be kept in personnel files to determine existence of employment, proper classifications and salaries of employees based upon experience, education levels, and approved salary schedule.

Good internal controls over vendor disbursements include procedures to ensure all documentation is present before making payment such as original invoice, approvals by appropriate personnel, and purchase orders. The calculations for the amount of payment should be reviewed to ensure the proper amount is paid to the vendor and the coding of the payment for recording in the general ledger sure the review to ensure proper accounting. All charges should be review for evidence that they are reasonable and necessary and follow the School Board's policies and procedures.

Condition found: In testing payroll disbursements, the following exceptions were noted:

General - In testing 39 payroll disbursements, the following exceptions were noted:

- Two exceptions in which there was no documentation for employer/employee relationship.
- Five exceptions in which the salary/hourly rate did not agree with personnel documentation.
- Three exceptions in which the payroll check was not computer generated.
- Two exceptions in which the time records were not signed by the employee.
- Five exceptions in which the charges did not appear to be necessary and reasonable for the proper administration of the agency/program/fund.
- Five exceptions in which the computation of salaries was not correct based on the hours worked and/or salary approved by the board.
- Four exceptions in which the accounting distribution/classification was not consistent and/or correctly posted.

Part II — Findings related to the financial statements which are required to be reported in accordance with Government Auditing Standards generally accepted in the United States of America:

Title I - In testing 27 payroll disbursements, the following exceptions were noted:

- One exception in which there was no documentation for employer/employee relationship.
- One exception in which the charges did not appear to be necessary and reasonable for the proper administration of the agency/program/fund.

Special Education - In testing 17 payroll disbursements, the following exceptions were noted:

- One exception noted for salary/hourly rate did not agree with personnel documentation and computation is correct.
- One exception in which the charges did not appear to be necessary and reasonable for the proper administration of the agency/program/fund.

Test of administrative salaries: During testing of 5 administrative salaries, it was noted that one employee was overpaid.

In testing vendor disbursements, the following exceptions were noted:

General - In testing 25 vendor disbursements, the following exceptions were noted:

- Four exceptions noted in which there was no purchase order.
- Three exceptions noted in which the amount of the checks were calculated incorrectly.

Title I - In testing 14 vendor disbursements, the following exceptions were noted:

- One exception for not having proper documentation for travel reimbursement.
- One exception for unnecessary charges for travel costs.

Special Education - In testing 24 vendor disbursements, the following exceptions were noted:

- Two exceptions in which there was no purchase order.
- One exception in which the invoice payment was not approved by appropriate personnel.

Education Jobs - In testing 2 vendor disbursements, the following exceptions were noted:

Two exceptions in which the amount of the charge was not properly recorded.

In testing travel expense, there were two exceptions noted. One exception in which reimbursement was made to employee for purchase of non-School Board items. The other exception was the School Board was not used as the starting point for mileage reimbursement.

Part II – Findings related to the financial statements which are required to be reported in accordance with Government Auditing Standards generally accepted in the United States of America:

Possible asserted effect (cause and effect):

Cause: The auditor was unable to determine the cause.

Effect: Internal control over disbursements is weakened.

<u>Recommendations to prevent future occurrences</u>: The School Board should have proper internal controls over payroll disbursements to ensure documentation is kept in personnel files to determine existence of employment, proper classifications and salaries of employees based upon experience, education levels, and approved salary schedule.

The School Board should have proper internal controls over vendor disbursements to ensure all documentation (original invoice, purchase order, etc.) before payment is made to vendor. The calculation of the amount to be paid and recording in the general ledger should be reviewed to ensure correctness. All invoices should have the proper approvals before payment to ensure the charge is appropriate and necessary for administration of the agency/program/fund.

Reference # and title: 11-F5 School Activity Funds

Entity-Wide or program/department specific: This finding is specific to the student activity funds.

<u>Criteria or specific requirement</u>: Schools should follow the best practices stated in the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's School Accounting Procedures Manual.

Condition found: The follow exceptions were noted at the three schools audited for the 2010-2011 school year:

While testing 15 cash receipts at each of the three schools selected, a total of 18 exceptions were noted.

- At Jonesboro Hodge High School, two exceptions were noted in which deposits were made untimely, and six exceptions were noted in which timeliness could not be determined due to no dates on receipt logs.
- At Weston High School, two exceptions were noted in which the individual receipts within the deposit could not be traced to the related account ledger card, teacher log/receipt, etc.
- At Quitman High School, two exceptions were noted in which deposits were made untimely, and three exceptions were noted in which timeliness could not be determined. Also at Quitman High School, three exceptions were noted in which the individual receipts within the deposit could not be traced to the related account ledger card, teacher log/receipt, etc.

While testing 25 cash disbursements at each of the three schools selected, a total of 22 exceptions were noted.

- At Jonesboro Hodge High School, the following exceptions were noted: one exception in which the check was not signed by authorized personnel, one exception for no evidence of receipts of goods or services, three exceptions in which the charge was not supported by proper documentation, three exceptions in which the invoice date was not current when compared to the date of the check, one exception in which the accounting distribution was not correctly posted, one exception in which the charges did not appear to be necessary and

Part II — Findings related to the financial statements which are required to be reported in accordance with Government Auditing Standards generally accepted in the United States of America:

reasonable, and one exception in which the charge was not in accordance with the School Board's financial policies.

- At Weston High School, the following exceptions were noted: three exceptions in which the invoice amount did not agree with the check amount, three exceptions in which the charge was not supported by proper documentation, one exception in which the accounting distribution was not correctly posted, one exception in which the charges did not appear to be necessary and reasonable, and one exception in which the charge was not in accordance with the School Board's financial policies.
- At Quitman High School, the following exceptions were noted: one exception in which the charges did not
 appear to be necessary and reasonable, and one exception in which the charge was not in accordance with the
 School Board's financial policies.

Possible asserted effect (cause and effect):

Cause: The auditor was unable to determine the cause.

Effect: The internal controls over student activity funds are weakened.

Recommendations to prevent future occurrences: The School Board should establish procedures to ensure that the best practices stated for student activity funds in the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's School Accounting Procedures Manual are adhered to.

Reference # and title: 11-F6 70% Instructional Expenditures

Entity-wide or program/department specific: This finding is entity-wide.

<u>Criteria or specific requirement</u>: Per Louisiana Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 142 of the 1993 Regular Session, School Boards are required to spend at least 70% of the general fund's total expenditures for instruction and support.

Condition found: The School Board did not meet the 70% requirement.

Possible asserted effect (cause and effect):

Cause: The auditor was unable to determine the cause.

Effect: The School Board is in violation of state law.

<u>Recommendations to prevent future occurrences</u>: The School Board should strive to budget according to the state requirements and cut expenses in other areas to achieve the 70% goal in order to be within compliance.

Part III – Findings and questioned costs for federal awards which are required to be reported under OMB Circular A-133 Section .510(a):

Reference # and title: 11-F7 Reporting of Financial Data

Federal program and specific Federal award identification: This finding relates to Title I Chster: Title I CFDA# 84.010A and Title I ARRA CFDA# 84.389A, Special Education Cluster: Special Education CFDA# 84.027A and Special Education-ARRA CFDA# 84.391A, and Title II CFDA# 84.367A for Federal Award Year 2011, received from Federal Agency U. S. Department of Education passed through Louisiana Department of Education.

<u>Criteria or specific requirement</u>: Periodic Expense Reports are to be completed using accumulated expenditures to date and the amounts should tie to the expenditures in the general ledger. Additionally, internal controls should be established to ensure adequate monitoring of reports submitted to the State for completeness and accuracy.

Condition found: In testing a sample of periodic expense reports (PER) for the Title I and Title I-ARRA, it was noted that the School Board did not properly report the full amount of expenditures on PER #3 and PER #7, respectively, due to the School Board only including expenditures through February 28, 2011, not the expenditures as of March 31, 2011. On the Title I PER#5, the PER should have been the accumulated expenditures for the full first three quarters, however, the amount reported was through May 31, 2010, not through September 30, 2010. The same occurred with Title I-ARRA PER#8, except accumulated expenditures were through March 31, 2011, not through June 30, 2011. Additionally, it was noted that the School Board did not properly submit the amount of total vendor payments and total cumulative expenditures to the State under the ARRA sub-recipient reporting section. It was also noted that the PER reports and the requests for reimbursements are not being reviewed by management for completeness and accuracy before submitted to the State.

In testing a sample of periodic expense reports (PER) for the IDEA and IDEA-ARRA programs, it was noted that the School Board underreported total expenditures due to the last request for expenditures was not included in the final count on PER#3 and PER#7, respectively. The PER included through February 28, 2011, not through March 31, 2011. Additionally, it was noted that the School Board did not properly submit the amount of total vendor payments and total cumulative expenditures to the State under the ARRA subrecipient reporting section. It was also noted that the PER reports are not being reviewed by management for completeness and accuracy before submitted to the State.

In testing a sample of periodic expense reports (PER) for the Title II program, it was noted that the School Board underreported total expenditures due to the last request for expenditures was not included in the final count on PER#2. The PER included through November 30, 2010, not through December 31, 2010. It was also noted that the PER reports are not being reviewed by management for completeness and accuracy before submitted to the State.

Possible asserted effect (cause and effect):

Cause: The auditor was unable to determine the cause.

Effect: The School Board reported incorrect data to the state of the expenditures of federal awards.

Recommendation to prevent future occurrences: The periodic expense reports and requests for reimbursement should be reviewed for accuracy and approved by someone in management before they are submitted to the State.

Part III – Findings and questioned costs for federal awards which are required to be reported under OMB Circular A-133 Section .510(a):

Reference # and title: 11-F8 School-wide Programs

Federal program and specific Federal award identification: This finding relates to Title I Chuster: Title I CFDA# 84.010A and Title I ARRA CFDA# 84.389A, Special Education Cluster: Special Education CFDA# 84.027A, Special Education-ARRA CFDA# 84.391A, Preschool CFDA# 84.173A and Preschool-ARRA CFDA# 84.392A and Title II CFDA# 84.367A for Federal Award Year 2011, received from Federal Agency U. S. Department of Education passed through Louisiana Department of Education.

<u>Criteria or specific requirement</u>: According to 34 CFR 200.26-200.28, schools participating in schoolwide programs should have a school wide plan which addresses the following core elements and components:

- Comprehensive needs assessment of the entire school
- Comprehensive plan based on data from the needs assessment
- Annual evaluation of the results achieved by the school-wide program and revisions of the schoolwide plan based on that evaluation
- Schoolwide reform strategies
- Instruction by highly qualified professional staff
- Strategies to increase parental involvement
- Additional support to students experiencing difficulty
- Transition plans for assisting preschool children in the successful transition to the school-wide program.

Additionally, the school should maintain records of the comprehensive needs assessment of the entire school and an annual evaluation of results achieved. Finally, the school wide improvement plan should be complete and accurate.

<u>Condition</u>: In reviewing school-wide plans for one of the two Title I schools in the parish, it was noted that the plan did not include every required element and component. The plan did not specifically address transition plans for preschool students, instruction by highly qualified staff, or students in need.

Possible asserted effect (cause and effect):

Cause: The school did not have a completed plan that addressed all the required elements and components.

Effect: The School Board was not in compliance with federal requirements.

Recommendations to prevent future occurrences: The School Board should ensure that every school prepares a school-wide plan that addresses each of the required core elements and components. The State provides a template for these plans that provides sections for each of the required core elements and components. Completing these templates entirely would help ensure that each of the core elements and components are addressed within the plans

Part III – Findings and questioned costs for federal awards which are required to be reported under OMB Circular A-133 Section .510(a):

Reference # and title:

11-F9

Disbursements

Federal program and specific Federal award identification: This finding relates to Title I Cluster: Title I CFDA# 84.010A and Title I ARRA CFDA# 84.389A, Special Education Cluster: Special Education CFDA#84.027A, Special Education-ARRA CFDA# 84.391A, Preschool CFDA# 84.173A and Preschool-ARRA CFDA# 84.392A and Education Jobs CFDA# 84.410A for Federal Award Year 2011, received from Federal Agency U. S. Department of Education passed through Louisiana Department of Education.

SEE PART II FINDING 11-F4 FOR CONDITION FOUND & RECOMMENDATIONS

Jackson Parish School Board

OTHER INFORMATION

Reference # and title:

10-F1

Inadequate Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Origination Date: This finding originated fiscal year ended June 30, 2009.

Entity-Wide or program/department specific: This finding is entity-wide.

<u>Condition</u>: Good internal control over financial reporting requires that accounting records contain accurate and complete information which would ensure that financial data can be relied upon to monitor the financial well-being of the School Board.

During the examination of the School Board's accounting records, the following items were noted:

- In testing six bank reconciliations, it was noted that two were not prepared timely. Also, there were several checks noted that were outstanding in which the dates ranged from 1995 to 2007.
- While testing income, it was noted that a check was written in July, 2010 from the EFT account to Title I; however, the School Board had back dated the transfer to June, 2010 yet only posted one side of the entry. Therefore, the transfer was reflected in the EFT fund but not in Title I fund. Additionally, it was noted that the School Board is not properly recording amounts remaining in the EFT funds as due to/froms rather than accounts receivables in the funds the monies belong to.
- It was noted that the School Board is not always requesting funds from the state on cost reimbursement programs in a timely manner. In one instance, the School Board deleted expenditures and revenue for the Title I -ARRA program because the funds were not requested timely. However, this is not an acceptable practice and the auditor recorded all expenditures and revenues back on the books. The School Board was able to request these funds after year end. In another instance, the School Board did not request the funds timely for the Title V program, which caused the School Board to move all expenditures to the general fund.
- It was noted that the School Board deleted approximately \$310,000 in expenditures from the maintenance accounts in order to balance the due to/froms in the general fund.
- During the testing of journal entries and internal controls, it was noted that the journal entries were not being reviewed and approved routinely by the business manager. The business manager only reviewed and approved a small amount of journal entries that were posted to the general ledger.
- In testing unrecorded receivables, it was noted that the School Board recorded receivables for the LA4 program in the incorrect fund. Additionally, it was noted that the receivable for the Title XIX monies were not recorded at year end June 30, 2011.
- In testing income for federal programs, it was noted that the School Board is not transferring monies received for State and Federal programs to the corresponding funds in a timely manner.
- In testing payroll disbursements, it was noted that the payroll runs are not always reviewed and approved before the checks are processed. It was also noted that payroll checks are sometimes processed and distributed to staff early yet funds are not transferred to the payroll fund at the time the checks are distributed.

 In testing the check signing log, it was noted that the employee that runs the checks through the check signer are not signing off on the log to ensure proper segregation of duties.

Corrective action planned: See current year finding 11-F2.

Reference # and title:

10-F2

School Activity Funds

Origination Date: This finding originated fiscal year ended June 30, 2009.

Entity-Wide or program/department specific: This finding is specific to the student activity funds.

<u>Condition</u>: Schools should follow the best practices stated in the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's School Accounting Procedures Manual.

The follow exceptions were noted at the three schools audited for the 2009-2010 school year:

- While testing 15 cash receipts at each of the three schools selected, it was noted that one school had 1 deposit slip that was not validated, 7 receipts were found that were not to be deposited timely and 2 receipts could not be traced to supporting documentation, in which it was noted that part of the deposit was kept for startup money. At another school, 1 receipt was not deposited timely and 6 receipts could not be traced to supporting documentation, in which it was noted that the total receipts did not agree to the total deposits and the secretary had cashed a personal check with school funds.
- While testing 25 cash disbursements at each of the three schools selected, it was noted that one school had 1 check not properly canceled to prevent duplicate payment, 1 check that did not have proper evidence of receipt of goods/services, 1 check amount did not agree with the invoice, 4 checks did not have proper supporting documentation, 2 checks not paid timely, and 1 check not posted correctly. At another school there was 1 check that did not have all required signatures, 2 checks were not paid timely, 1 check was for a charge that did not appear necessary and reasonable and 2 checks were not in accordance with School Board policy. At the third school, it was noted that 1 check was not paid timely.

Corrective action planned: See current year finding 11-F6.

Reference # and title:

10-F3

Internal Controls - Maintenance Department

Origination Date: This finding originated fiscal year ended June 30, 2010.

Entity-wide or program/department specific: This finding is specific to the maintenance department.

<u>Condition</u>: Good internal controls include having documentation of a work order to initiate the process and a completion date indicating all work has been done. Good internal controls also include proper approval for work orders and invoices. Additionally, invoices and work orders should not be split into smaller amounts to bypass the Board policy for approvals.

In testing invoices for the maintenance department, it was noted that the School Board does not have a work order system in place that could be adequately tested in the audit process. Additionally, it was noted that not all invoices over the Board policy of \$1,000 were brought to the Board for approval.

Corrective action planned: See current year finding 11-F3.

Reference # and Title: 10-F4 Inadequate Internal Controls over Construction

Origination Date: This finding originated fiscal year ended June 30, 2010.

Entity-Wide or program /department specific: This finding is entity-wide.

Condition: Proper internal controls over construction projects ensures that a listing is maintained for all construction contracts that are currently being performed during the year to ensure all expenditures, including but not limited to work performed by contractors and any subcontractors; which are paid directly by the School Board are being maintained. The listing will ensure that the total costs of construction projects is kept tracked of until the construction is complete and then the full amount paid during the life of the construction contract will be capitalized and depreciated over an estimated useful life. Also, all assets purchased should be added to the capital asset listing of the School Board as soon as the information is known.

While testing capital assets, it was noted that the School Board did not compile a listing of all construction in progress expenditures during the fiscal year, in which the School Board has a significant construction project in progress.

Corrective action taken: The School Board maintained construction in progress listings for 2010-2011.

Reference # and title: 10-F5 Late Submission of Audit Report to Legislative Auditor

Origination Date: This finding originated fiscal year ended June 30, 2010.

Entity-Wide or program /department specific: This finding is entity-wide.

<u>Condition</u>: Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513A (5) (a) (i) requires that "...audits shall be completed within six months of the close of the entity's fiscal year".

Although field work was completed in the month of December, there were additional questions which the audit team had regarding certain general ledger accounts. After review by the partner, it was determined that additional review was needed to obtain a comfort level regarding these accounts.

<u>Corrective action taken</u>: The audit report for the June 30, 2011 year will be filed with the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's office by the required date of December 31, 2011.

Reference # and title: 10-F6 Reporting of Financial Data - Title I

Origination Date: This finding originated fiscal year ended June 30, 2010.

<u>Federal program and specific Federal award identification</u>: This finding relates to Title I Cluster: Title I CFDA# 84.010A and Title I ARRA CFDA# 84.389A for Federal Award Year 2010, received from Federal Agency U. S. Department of Education passed through Louisiana Department of Education.

<u>Condition</u>: Periodic Expense Reports are to be completed using accumulated expenditures to date and the amounts should tie to the expenditures in the general ledger. Additionally, internal controls should be established to ensure adequate monitoring of reports submitted to the State for completeness and accuracy.

In testing a sample of periodic expense reports (PER) for the Title I-ARRA, it was noted that the School Board did not properly report the full amount of expenditures on PER #4 due to the School Board deleted the month of June's expenditures off the general ledger. Additionally, it was noted that the School Board did not properly submit the amount of total vendor payments and total cumulative expenditures to the State under the ARRA subrecipient reporting section. It was also noted that the PER reports and the requests for reimbursement are not being reviewed by management for completeness and accuracy before submitted to the State.

Corrective action planned: See current year finding 11-F7.

Reference # and title: 10-F7 Reporting of Financial Data - Special Education ARRA

Origination Date: This finding originated fiscal year ended June 30, 2010.

<u>Federal program and specific Federal award identification</u>: This finding relates to Special Education ARRA CFDA# 84.391A for Federal Award Year 2010, received from Federal Agency U. S. Department of Education passed through Louisiana Department of Education.

<u>Condition</u>: Periodic Expense Reports are to be completed using accumulated expenditures to date and the amounts should tie to the expenditures in the general ledger. Additionally, internal controls should be established to ensure adequate monitoring of reports submitted to the State for completeness and accuracy.

In testing a sample of periodic expense reports (PER) for the IDEA-ARRA programs, it was noted that the School Board underreported total expenditures due to the last request for expenditures was not included in the final count. Additionally, it was noted that the School Board did not properly submit the amount of total vendor payments and total cumulative expenditures to the State under the ARRA subrecipient reporting section. It was also noted that the PER reports are not being reviewed by management for completeness and accuracy before submitted to the State.

Corrective action planned: See current year finding 11-F7.

Reference # and title:

11-F1

Violation of the Public Bid Law

Entity-Wide or program /department specific: This finding is entity wide.

<u>Condition</u>: The Louisiana State Bid Law R. S. 38:2212.1 reads in part, "all purchases of materials and supplies exceeding the sum of thirty thousand dollars to be paid out of public funds shall be advertised and awarded by contract to the lowest responsible bidder".

In reviewing board minutes for the Building and Grounds Committee from March 14, 2011, it was noted that the School Board approved purchasing playground equipment for three schools totaling \$82,078. The School Board did not follow the Louisiana State Bid Law and complete the process for bids on the playground equipment.

<u>Corrective action planned</u>: The new management at Jackson Parish School Board will establish procedures to ensure bid law requirements are followed for purchases and that all purchases are in accordance with state regulations and best practice procedures. The new management will work tirelessly to establish procedures to ensure compliance with Public Bid Law is maintained.

Contact person responsible for corrective action:

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Anticipated completion date: June 30, 2012.

Reference # and title: Inadequate Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Entity-Wide or program/department specific: This finding is entity-wide.

<u>Condition found</u>: Good internal control over financial reporting requires that accounting records contain accurate and complete information which would ensure that financial data can be relied upon to monitor the financial well-being of the School Board. In testing fifteen cash receipts, there were six deposits which were not deposited timely (within 3 business days).

During the examination of the School Board's accounting records, the following items were noted:

- In reviewing six bank reconciliations, one of the bank reconciliations was not completed timely. Also noted
 were several outstanding checks greater than one year old on the reconciliations for the General Fund, Payroll
 Fund, and Sales Tax Fund bank accounts.
- In the search for unrecorded liabilities, it was noted that three invoices totaling \$169,869 were not accrued at June 30, 2011.
- In testing unrecorded receivables, there were two amounts found recorded as an accounts receivable which
 should have been recorded as due from other funds totaling \$99,077.
- In testing income, it was noted that income was credited to one fund for \$72,332 when it should have been
 credited against a due from general ledger account and an accounts receivable in the amount of \$15,830 had
 not been recorded for Medicaid.
- In testing expenditures, it was noted that the School Board does not properly allocate group benefits among the functions that the employee's salary is being charged.

- In testing income for federal programs, it was noted that the School Board is not transferring monies received for State and Federal programs to the corresponding funds in a timely manner.
- It was noted that the School Board is not always requesting funds from the state on cost reimbursement programs in a timely manner.

Corrective action planned: The new management at Jackson Parish School Board will establish procedures to ensure adequate internal controls over financial reporting and documentation; these findings are unacceptable to new management. Procedures will be implemented to ensure bank reconciliation are completed timely, outstanding checks are cleared within sixty days on bank reconciliations, accruals and deferrals are in compliance with Governmental Accounting Standards, interfund receivables are correctly posted, office of group benefits expenses are adequately allocated according to an employee's salary, income is properly posted, required interfund transfers are recorded timely, and request for funds from the state are timely and accurate. The new management will work tirelessly to make certain proper accounting procedures are in place to ensure issues like these will not be repeated.

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Anticipated completion date: June 30, 2012.

Reference # and title: 11-F3 Internal Controls - Maintenance Department

Entity-wide or program/department specific: This finding is specific to the maintenance department.

<u>Condition found</u>: Good internal controls include having documentation of a work order to initiate the process and a completion date indicating all work has been done. Invoices should be paid in a timely manner and procedures in place to ensure no duplicate payments are made. To follow good business practice, requests for proposal (RFP) should be taken for routine maintenance required during the year.

In testing invoices for the maintenance department, it was noted that the School Board does not have a work order system in place that could be adequately tested in the audit process. It was also noted that routine maintenance projects are performed by the same vendor throughout the year.

In testing twenty maintenance disbursements, the following items were noted:

- One invoice was noted in which an employee of a vendor signed for the purchase and charged it to the School Board.
- Two invoices were noted totaling \$400 each which appeared to be duplicates of the work performed.
- One check was noted dated December 13, 2010, in which the dates on the invoices ranged from December 30, 2009 to 12/8/2010.
- One check was noted dated December 16, 2010, in which the dates on the invoices ranged from August 2, 2010 to November 29, 2010.
- On one check dated June 9, 2011, the dates on the invoices were from February and March, 2011.

Corrective action planned: The new management at Jackson Parish School Board will work with the maintenance department to establish procedures for work order systems to ensure that only Jackson Parish School Board employees are allowed to sign or charge with local vendors after approval from the central office, duplicate work is never paid for, payments are made timely to vendors and properly reported in the correct year. The Jackson School Board follows best practice procedures to ensure they are being good stewards of taxpayer dollars.

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Anticipated completion date: June 30, 2012.

Reference # and title: 11-F4 Disbursements

Entity-Wide or program/department specific: This finding is entity-wide.

<u>Condition found</u>: Proper internal controls over payroll disbursements require that proper documentation should be kept in personnel files to determine existence of employment, proper classifications and salaries of employees based upon experience, education levels, and approved salary schedule.

Good internal controls over vendor disbursements include procedures to ensure all documentation is present before making payment such as original invoice, approvals by appropriate personnel, and purchase orders. The calculations for the amount of payment should be reviewed to ensure the proper amount is paid to the vendor and the coding of the payment for recording in the general ledger sure the review to ensure proper accounting. All charges should be review for evidence that they are reasonable and necessary and follow the School Board's policies and procedures.

In testing payroll disbursements, the following exceptions were noted:

General - In testing 39 payroll disbursements, the following exceptions were noted:

- Two exceptions in which there was no documentation for employer/employee relationship.
- Five exceptions in which the salary/hourly rate did not agree with personnel documentation.
- Three exceptions in which the payroll check was not computer generated.
- Two exceptions in which the time records were not signed by the employee.
- Five exceptions in which the charges did not appear to be necessary and reasonable for the proper administration of the agency/program/fund.
- Five exceptions in which the computation of salaries was not correct based on the hours worked and/or salary approved by the board.
- Four exceptions in which the accounting distribution/classification was not consistent and/or correctly posted.

Titles I - In testing 27 payroll disbursements, the following exceptions were noted:

- One exception in which there was no documentation for employer/employee relationship,
- One exception in which the charges did not appear to be necessary and reasonable for the proper administration of the agency/program/fund.

Special Education - In testing 17 payroll disbursements, the following exceptions were noted:

- One exception noted for salary/hourly rate did not agree with personnel documentation and computation is
- One exception in which the charges did not appear to be necessary and reasonable for the proper administration of the agency/program/fund.

Test of administrative salaries: During testing of 5 administrative salaries, it was noted that one employee was overpaid.

In testing vendor disbursements, the following exceptions were noted:

General - In testing 25 vendor disbursements, the following exceptions were noted:

- Four exceptions noted in which there was no purchase order.
- Three exceptions noted in which the amount of the checks were calculated incorrectly.

Title I - In testing 14 vendor disbursements, the following exceptions were noted:

- One exception for not having proper documentation for travel reimbursement.
- One exception for unnecessary charges for travel costs.

Special Education - In testing 24 vendor disbursements, the following exceptions were noted:

- Two exceptions in which there was no purchase order.
- One exception in which the invoice payment was not approved by appropriate personnel.

Education Jobs - In testing 2 vendor disbursements, the following exceptions were noted:

- Two exceptions in which the amount of the charge was not properly recorded.

In testing travel expense, there were two exceptions noted. One exception in which reimbursement was made to employee for purchase of non-School Board items. The other exception was the School Board was not used as the starting point for mileage reimbursement.

<u>Corrective action planned</u>: The new management at Jackson Parish School Board will establish procedures for internal controls over payroll and vendor disbursements. The new management will review the policies of Jackson Parish School Board and recommend procedures that will ensure best practices in payments to employees and vendors. The new management will ensure documentation is kept in personnel files to determine existence of employment, proper classifications and salaries of employees based upon experience, education levels, and approved salary schedule. We will also ensure documentation for vendors is kept if we were audited after every transaction.

Contact person responsible for corrective action:

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Anticipated completion date: June 30, 2012.

Reference # and title:

11-F5

School Activity Funds

Entity-Wide or program/department specific: This finding is specific to the student activity funds.

Condition found: The follow exceptions were noted at the three schools audited for the 2010-2011 school year:

While testing 15 cash receipts at each of the three schools selected, a total of 18 exceptions were noted.

- At Jonesboro Hodge High School, two exceptions were noted in which deposits were made untimely, and six exceptions were noted in which timeliness could not be determined due to no dates on receipt logs.
- At Weston High School, two exceptions were noted in which the individual receipts within the deposit could not be traced to the related account ledger card, teacher log/receipt, etc.
- At Quitman High School, two exceptions were noted in which deposits were made untimely, and three
 exceptions were noted in which timeliness could not be determined. Also at Quitman High School, three
 exceptions were noted in which the individual receipts within the deposit could not be traced to the related
 account ledger card, teacher log/receipt, etc.

While testing 25 cash disbursements at each of the three schools selected, a total of 22 exceptions were noted.

- At Jonesboro Hodge High School, the following exceptions were noted: one exception in which the check was not signed by authorized personnel, one exception for no evidence of receipts of goods or services, three exceptions in which the charge was not supported by proper documentation, three exceptions in which the invoice date was not current when compared to the date of the check, one exception in which the accounting distribution was not correctly posted, one exception in which the charges did not appear to be necessary and reasonable, and one exception in which the charge was not in accordance with the School Board's financial policies.
- At Weston High School, the following exceptions were noted: three exceptions in which the invoice amount did not agree with the check amount, three exceptions in which the charge was not supported by proper documentation, one exception in which the accounting distribution was not correctly posted, one exception in which the charges did not appear to be necessary and reasonable, and one exception in which the charge was not in accordance with the School Board's financial policies.
- At Quitman High School, the following exceptions were noted: one exception in which the charges did not
 appear to be necessary and reasonable, and one exception in which the charge was not in accordance with the
 School Board's financial policies.

Corrective action planned: The new management at Jackson Parish School Board will communicate and train school administration of Jackson Parish schools how to be in compliance with best practices stated for student activity funds in the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's School Accounting Procedures Manual. The new management will also set up training for principals and secretaries at our schools to ensure their knowledge of best practices. Each school will be audited and monitored by new management to ensure that these best practices are being followed.

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Anticipated completion date: June 30, 2012.

Reference # and title:

11-F6

70% Instructional Expenditures

Entity-wide or program/department specific: This finding is entity-wide.

<u>Condition</u>: Per Louisiana Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 142 of the 1993 Regular Session, School Boards are required to spend at least 70% of the general fund's total expenditures for instruction and support.

The School Board did not meet the 70% requirement.

Corrective action planned: The new management of Jackson Parish School Board will strive tirelessly to be in compliance with Resolution No. 142 of the 1993 Regular Session to spend at least 70% of the general fund's total expenditures for instruction and support. Reporting of our standing of the 70% will be reported to the finance committee of the Board quarterly. We will make every effort to budget and spend 70% on instructional expenditures within the General Fund.

Contact person responsible for corrective action:

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Jackson Parish School Board

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Anticipated completion date: June 30, 2012.

Reference # and title: 11-F7 Reporting of Financial Data

Federal program and specific Federal award identification: This finding relates to Title I Cluster: Title I CFDA# 84.010A and Title I ARRA CFDA# 84.389A, Special Education Cluster: Special Education CFDA# 84.027A and Special Education-ARRA CFDA# 84.391A, and Title II CFDA# 84.367 for Federal Award Year 2011, received from Federal Agency U. S. Department of Education passed through Louisiana Department of Education.

<u>Condition</u>: Periodic Expense Reports are to be completed using accumulated expenditures to date and the amounts should tie to the expenditures in the general ledger. Additionally, internal controls should be established to ensure adequate monitoring of reports submitted to the State for completeness and accuracy.

In testing a sample of periodic expense reports (PER) for the Title I and Title I-ARRA, it was noted that the School Board did not properly report the full amount of expenditures on PER #3 and PER #7, respectively, due to the School Board only including expenditures through February 28, 2011, not the expenditures as of March 31, 2011. On the Title I PER#5, the PER should have been the accumulated expenditures for the full first three quarters, however, the amount reported was through May 31, 2010, not through September 30, 2010. The same occurred with Title I-ARRA PER#8, except accumulated expenditures were through March 31, 2011, not through June 30, 2011. Additionally, it was noted that the School Board did not properly submit the amount of total vendor payments and total cumulative expenditures to the State under the ARRA sub-recipient reporting section. It was also noted that the PER reports and the requests for reimbursements are not being reviewed by management for completeness and accuracy before submitted to the State.

In testing a sample of periodic expense reports (PER) for the IDEA and IDEA-ARRA programs, it was noted that the School Board underreported total expenditures due to the last request for expenditures was not included in the final count on PER#3 and PER#7, respectively. The PER included through February 28, 2011, not through March 31,

2011. Additionally, it was noted that the School Board did not properly submit the amount of total vendor payments and total cumulative expenditures to the State under the ARRA subrecipient reporting section. It was also noted that the PER reports are not being reviewed by management for completeness and accuracy before submitted to the State.

In testing a sample of periodic expense reports (PER) for the Title II program, it was noted that the School Board underreported total expenditures due to the last request for expenditures was not included in the final count on PER#2. The PER included through November 30, 2010, not through December 31, 2010. It was also noted that the PER reports are not being reviewed by management for completeness and accuracy before submitted to the State.

<u>Corrective action planned</u>: The new management of Jackson Parish School Board will make every effort to ensure accurate and timely reporting on the eGrant system. No PER or request will be submitted without proper review.

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Anticipated completion date: June 30, 2012.

Reference # and title: 11-F8 School-wide Programs

This finding relates to Title I Cluster: Title I CFDA# 84.010A and Title I ARRA CFDA# 84.389A, Special Education Cluster: Special Education CFDA# 84.027A, Special Education- ARRA CFDA# 84.391A, Preschool CFDA# 84.173A and Preschool-ARRA CFDA# 84.392A and Title II CFDA# 84.367A for Federal Award Year 2011, received from Federal Agency U. S. Department of Education passed through Louisiana Department of Education.

<u>Condition</u>: According to 34 CFR 200.26-200.28, schools participating in schoolwide programs should have a school wide plan which addresses the following core elements and components:

- Comprehensive needs assessment of the entire school
- Comprehensive plan based on data from the needs assessment
- Annual evaluation of the results achieved by the school-wide program and revisions of the schoolwide plan based on that evaluation
- Schoolwide reform strategies
- Instruction by highly qualified professional staff
- Strategies to increase parental involvement
- Additional support to students experiencing difficulty
- Transition plans for assisting preschool children in the successful transition to the school-wide program.

Additionally the school should maintain records of the comprehensive needs assessment of the entire school and an annual evaluation of results achieved. Finally, the school wide improvement plan should be complete and accurate.

In reviewing school-wide plans for one of the two Title I schools in the parish, it was noted that the plan did not include every required element and component. The plan did not specifically address transition plans for preschool students, instruction by highly qualified staff, or students in need.

<u>Corrective action planned</u>: New management will review and monitor the Title I administration to ensure school wide plans address each of the required core elements and components and compliance with 34 CFR 200.26-200.28.

Contact person responsible for corrective action:

Wayne Alford, Superintendent

Telephone: (318) 259-4456

Jackson Parish School Board

Fax: (318) 259-2527

P. O. Box 705

Jonesboro, Louisiana 71251-0705

Anticipated completion date: June 30, 2012.

Reference and title:

11-F9

Disbursements

Federal program and specific Federal award identification: This finding relates to Title I Cluster: Title I CFDA# 84.010A and Title I ARRA CFDA# 84.389A, Special Education Cluster: Special Education CFDA# 84.027A, Special Education-ARRA CFDA# 84.391A, Preschool CFDA# 84.173A and Preschool ARRA CFDA# 84.392A, and Education Jobs CFDA# 84.410A for Federal Award Year 2011, received from Federal Agency U. S. Department of Education passed through Louisiana Department of Education.

Condition: SEE PART II FINDING 11-F4.

Corrective action planned: SEE CORRECTIVE ACTION PLANNED AT 11-F4



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> > Ernest L. Allen, CPA (Retired) 1963 - 2000

Management Letter

Board Members Jackson Parish School Board Jonesboro, Louisiana

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Jackson Parish School Board as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, we considered the School Board's internal control to plan our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions in the financial statements and not to provide assurance in the internal control.

However, during the performance of our procedures, we noted a certain matter involving the internal control and other operational matters that is presented for your consideration. This letter does not affect our report dated December 21, 2011 on the financial statements of the School Board. We will review the status of this comment during our next audit engagement. Our comment and recommendation, all of which have been discussed with appropriate members of management, are intended to improve the internal control or result in other operating efficiencies. We will be pleased to discuss this comment in further detail at your convenience, to perform any additional study of this matter, or to assist you in implementing the recommendation. Our comment and management's response are summarized as follows:

<u>11-M1</u>

Computer Systems Access

<u>Comment</u>: Proper internal controls of employee access to the computer systems require that access be limited to those with "need" of access to the modules pertaining to their job functions. Certain critical areas such as payroll, accounts payable and bank reconciliations should be limited to as few employees as possible. In the testing of internal controls over system access, it was noted two employees had been terminated and their user accounts were not deleted, one employee had access to a module that was not a part of the employee's assigned job function; and one user access name was unknown to management.

<u>Recommendation</u>: The School Board and management should develop proper policies and procedures to ensure that employees only have access to what they need and that there is a process of approval for new accounts. In addition, an employee's access should be immediately removed upon termination or change to another position where access is not needed.

Management's response: New management will review and monitor system access and assure that system security is in accordance with internal control procedures that discourages fraud. Employees will be deleted from the system upon Board approval of retirement, resignation or termination.

11-M2

Capital Asset Inspections

<u>Comment</u>: After discussion with central office personnel, it was noted that there are no formal inspections performed for capital assets. The Superintendent distributes a listing of capital assets to each principal at the beginning of each school year. The principals are required to review the listing and contact the central office if any changes need to be made, however, there is no documentation to document that these inspections are actually being performed by the principals. Also, there is no documentation for "spot checks" performed by central office personnel during the year.

<u>Recommendation</u>: To ensure safekeeping of capital assets, annual inspections should be performed and documentation of the inspections kept by the School Board.

<u>Management's response</u>: Procedures will be adopted by new management to address inspections and documentation of those inspections in the current year.

Our audit procedures are designed primarily to enable us to form opinions on the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School Board, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the School Board's basic financial statements, and therefore, may not reveal all weaknesses in policies and procedures that may exist.

Also included are management's responses to our current year management letter items. We have performed no audit work to verify the content of the responses.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board members, management, others within the entity, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than theses specified parties. Although the intended use of these reports may be limited, under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513 this report is distributed by the Office of the Louisiana Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Allen, Green & Williamson, LLP

Monroe, Louisiana December 21, 2011

Jackson Parish School Board

AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES



ALLEN, GREEN & WILLIAMSON, LLP

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> > Breat L. Allen, CPA (Retired) 1963 - 2000

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

Board Members Jackson Parish School Board Jonesboro, Louisiana

We have performed the procedures included in the Louisiana Governmental Audit Guide and enumerated below, which were agreed to by the management of the Jackson Parish School Board, Jonesboro, Louisiana, and the Legislative Auditor, State of Louisiana, solely to assist users in evaluating management's assertions about the performance and statistical data accompanying the annual financial statements of the School Board and to determine whether the specified schedules are free of obvious errors and omissions as provided by the Board of Elementary and Secondary Education (BESE). This agreed-upon procedures engagement was performed in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and applicable standards of Government Auditing Standards. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of the specified users of the reports. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose.

Our procedures and findings relate to the accompanying schedules of supplemental information and are as follows:

General Fund Instructional and Support Expenditures and Certain Local Revenue Sources (Schedule 1)

- 1. We selected a random sample of 25 transactions and reviewed supporting documentation to determine if the sampled expenditures/revenues are classified correctly and are reported in the proper amounts for each of the following amounts reported on the schedule:
 - Total General Fund Instructional Expenditures.
 - Total General Fund Equipment Expenditures.
 - Total Local Taxation Revenue.
 - Total Local Earnings on Investment in Real Property,
 - Total State Revenue in Lieu of Taxes,
 - Nonpublic Textbook Revenue, and
 - Nonpublic Transportation Revenue.

Comment: No exceptions were noted as result of applying agreed upon procedures.

Education Levels of Public School Staff (Schedule 2)

2. We reconciled the total number of full-time classroom teachers per the schedule "Experience of Public Principals and Full-time Classroom Teachers" (Schedule 4) to the combined total number of full-time classroom teachers per this schedule and to school board supporting payroll records as of October 1st.

Comment: Seven total exceptions were noted as result of applying agreed upon procedures. The total number of teachers with a Master's Degree does not agree to the supporting payroll records as of October. Six exceptions were noted when agreeing Schedule 4 to supporting payroll records.

Management Response: This schedule was revised.

3. We reconciled the combined total of principals and assistant principals per the schedule "Experience of Public Principals and Full-time Classroom Teachers" (Schedule 4) to the combined total of principals and assistant principals per this schedule.

Comment: Six exceptions were noted as result of applying agreed upon procedures. The Master's Degree & Master's +30 Degree does not agree to the supporting payroll records as of October. Four exceptions were noted when agreeing Schedule 4 to supporting payroll records.

Management Response: This schedule was revised.

4. We obtained a list of full-time teachers, principals, and assistant principals by classification as of October 1st and as reported on the schedule. We traced a random sample of 25 teachers to the individual's personnel file and determine if the individual's education level was properly classified on the schedule.

Comment: No exceptions were noted as result of applying agreed upon procedures.

Number and Type of Public Schools (Schedule 3)

 We obtained a list of schools by type as reported on the schedule. We compared the list to the schools and grade levels as reported on the Title 1 Grants to Local Educational Agencies (CFDA 84.010) application and/or the National School Lunch Program (CFDA 10.555)

Comment: No exceptions were noted as result of applying agreed upon procedures.

Experience of Public Principals and Full-time Classroom Teachers (Schedule 4)

6. We obtained a list of full-time teachers, principals, and assistant principals by classification as of October 1 and as reported on the schedule and traced the same sample used in procedure 4 to the individual's personnel file and determined if the individual's experience was properly classified on the schedule.

Comment: One exception was noted as result of applying agreed upon procedures in which it was noted that the individual's experience was incorrectly classified on the schedule.

Management Response: Experience level was corrected in the personnel file and this employee was notified and restitution was made to the employee. We will try to make every effort to limit these exceptions in the future.

Public Staff Data (Schedule 5)

7. We obtained a list of all classroom teachers including their base salary, extra compensation, and ROTC or rehired retiree status as well as full-time equivalent as reported on the schedule and traced a random sample of 25 teachers to the individual's personnel file and determined if the individual's salary, extra compensation, and full-time equivalents were properly included on the schedule.

Comment: Seventeen exceptions were noted as result of applying agreed upon procedures. Seven exceptions were noted in which extended pay was coded to extra compensation instead of base pay. Ten exceptions were noted in which full-time equivalent was incorrectly calculated.

Management Response: These errors will be corrected and public staff data will be accurately coded by new management. We will try to make every effort to limit these exceptions in the future.

8. We recalculated the average salaries and full-time equivalents reported in the schedule.

Comment: No exceptions were noted as result of applying agreed upon procedures.

Class Size Characteristics (Schedule 6)

9. We obtained a list of classes by school, school type, and class size as reported on the schedule and reconciled school type classifications to Schedule 3 data, as obtained in procedure 5. We then traced a random sample of ten classes to the October 1st roll books for those classes and determined if the class was properly classified on the schedule.

Comment: No exceptions were noted as result of applying agreed upon procedures.

Louisiana Educational Assessment Program (LEAP) for the 21st century (Schedule 7)

10. We obtained test scores as provided by the testing authority and reconciled scores as reported by the testing authority to scores reported in the schedule by the School Board.

Comment: No exceptions were noted as result of applying agreed upon procedures.

The Graduation Exit Exam for the 21st Century (Schedule 8)

11. We obtained test scores as provided by the testing authority and reconciled scores as reported by the testing authority to scores reported in the schedule by the School Board.

Comment: No exceptions were noted as result of applying agreed upon procedures.

The Iowa Tests (Schedule 9)

12. We obtained test scores as provided by the testing authority and reconciled scores as reported by the testing authority to scores reported in the schedule by the School Board.

Comment: No exceptions were noted as result of applying agreed upon procedures.

We were not engaged to, and did not; perform an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on management's assertions. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the use of management of the Jackson Parish School Board, the Louisiana Department of Education, the Louisiana Legislature, and the Legislative Auditor, State of Louisiana, and should not be used by those who have not agreed to the procedures and taken responsibility for the sufficiency of the procedures for their purposes. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

ALLEN, GREEN & WILLIAMSON, LLP

allen, Green & Williamson

Monroe, Louisiana December 21, 2011

General Fund Instructional and Support Expenditures and Certain Local Revenue Sources For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

. 4. did 1 am minda amila an mair		Column A		Column B
General Fund Instructional and Equipment Expenditures		COMMINA		Column
General Fund Instructional Expenditures:				
Teacher and Student Interaction Activities:				
Classroom Teacher Salaries	\$	8,091,862		
Other Instructional Staff Activities	•	886,419		
Instructional Staff Employee Benefits		2,902,418		
Purchased Professional and Technical Services		109,635		
Instructional Materials and Supplies		628,986		
Instructional Equipment		132,303		
Total Teacher and Student Interaction Activities			\$	12,753,623
Other Instructional Activities				123,097
Pupil Support Services		814,907		
Less: Equipment for Pupil Support Services		Q		
Net Pupil Support Services	,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		814,907
Instructional Staff Services		1,183,014		
Less: Equipment for Instructional Staff Services		. 0		
Net instructional Staff Services				1,183,014
School Administration		1,103,083		
Less: Equipment for School Administration		0		
Net School Administration	•		-	1,103,083
Total General Fund Instructional Expenditures (Total of Column B)				15,977,724
Total General Fund Equipment Expenditures (Object 730; Function Series 1000-4000)			_	550,890
Certain Local Revenue Sources				•
Local Taxation Revenue:				
Constitutional Ad Valorem Taxes				898,905
Renewable Ad Valorem Tax				3,897,980
Debt Service Ad Valorem Tax				353,187
Up to 1% of Collections by the Sheriff on Taxes Other than School Taxes				210,448
Sales and Use Taxes Total Local Taxation Revenue			_	6,267,649
TOTAL ESCAL FAXABOLI POPULING			=	11,628,169
Local Earnings on investment in Real Property:				
Earnings from 16th Section Property				0
Earnings from Other Real Property				6,293
Total Local Earnings on Investment in Real Property			=	<i>6</i> ,293
State Revenue in Lieu of Taxes:				
Revenue Sharing - Constitutional Tax				72,885
Revenue Sharing - Other Taxes				0
Revenue Sharing - Excess Portion		•		0
Other Revenue in Lieu of Taxes		•		0
Total State Revenue in Lieu of Taxes			_	72,885
Nonpublic Textbook Revenue				٥
Nonpublic Transportation Revenue			=	
The state of the s		•	=	U

Education Levels of Public School Staff As of October 1, 2010

	Full-	time Class	room Teac	:hers	Princi	saA & also	istant Princ	ipals	
	Certifi	cated	Uncert	ificated	Certifi	cated	Uncertificated		
Category	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	
Less than a Bachelor's Degree	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	
Bachelor's Degree	106	63%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	
Master's Degree	41	24%	0	0%	2	22%	0	0%	
Master's Degree + 30	20	12%	0	0%	6	67%	0	0%	
Specialist in Education	1	1%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	
Ph. D. or Ed. D.	0	0%	0	0%	1	11%	0	0%	
Total	168	100%	0	0%	9	100%	0	0%	

Number and Type of Public Schools For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Туре	Number
Elementary	1
Middle/Jr. High	1
Secondary	1
Combination	2
Total	5

Experience of Public Principals, Assistant Principals, and Full-time Classroom Teachers As of October 1, 2010

	0-1 Yr.	2-3 Yrs.	4-10 Yrs.	11-14 Yrs.	15-19 Yrs.	20-24 Yrs.	25+ Yrs.	Total
Assistant Principals	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	4
Principals	0	0	1	0	2	0	2	5
Classroom Teachers	18	12	38	26	26	17	31	168
Total	18	12	39	28	28	19	35	177

Public School Staff Data: Average Salaries

For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Average Classroom Teachers' Salary

Average Classroom

Teachers' Salary

Including Extra Compensation

Excluding Extra Compensation

Number of Teacher Full-time Equivalents (FTEs) used in

Computation of Average Salaries

Class Size Characteristics As of October 1, 2010

				Class Si	ze Range			
	1 -	20	21	- 26	27	- 33	3	4+
School Type	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number
Elementary	84	83	16	16	0	ם	0	0
Elementary Activity Classes	78	14	17	3	0	0	6	1
Middle/Jr. High	87	83	13	12	0	0	0	0
Middle/Jr. High Activity Classes	54	7	23	3	0	0	23	3
High	82	123	18	27	0	0	0	0
High Activity Classes	97	31	3	1	0	0	0	0
Combination	59	243	33	134	8	35	0	0
Combination Activity Classes	53	30	19	11	21	12	7	4

JACKSON PARISH SCHOOL BOARD JONESBORO, Louisiana

Louisiana Educational Assessment Program (LEAP) For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

District Achievement Level			English La	nguage Art	8		T		Mathemat	CS		
Results	2011		2010		2009		2011		2010		2009	
Students	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Grade 4				l				7				L
Advanced	9	4	6	4	5	3	9	4	7	4	1	1
Mastery	45	22	29	17	38	21	46	22	33	20	24	14
Basic	88	43	75	45	B1	47	89	43	74	44	91	53
Approaching Basic	42	20	32	19	35	20	35	17	39	23	31	18
Unsatisfactory	21	10	26	15	14	В	26	13	15	9	24	14
Total	205	100	168	100	171	100	205	100	168	100	171	100

District Achievement Level	Science						Social Stu	dies				
Results	2011		2010		2009		2011		2010		2009	
Students	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Grade 4												
Advanced	2	1	3	2	4	2	2	1	0	0	0	0
Mastery	10	5	21	13	25	15	32	16	18	10	14	8
Basic	115	56	76	46	82	48	103	50	94	56	92	54
Approaching Basic	56	27	56	34	45	26	39	19	31	19	37	22
Unsatisfactory	23	11	11	7	15	9	30	15	26	16	28	18
Total	206	100	167	100	171	100	206	100	167	100	171	100

District Achievement Level	English La	nguage Art	9				Mathematics					
Results	2011		2010		2009		2011		2010		2009	
Students	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Grade 8												
Advanced	9	6	6	4	1	1	2	1	4	2	7	4
Mestery	31	20	28	18	29	19	7	_ 5	В	5	. 8	6
Basic	75	4B	72	43	58	37	95	61	70	42	85	54
Approaching Basic	36	23	44	27	57	37	34	22	38	23	30	19
Unsatisfactory	4	3	18	11	11	7	17	11	47	28	26	17
Total	155	100	166	100	156	100	155	100	167	100	157	100

District Achievement Level	Science						Social Stu	dies				
Results	2011		2010		2009		2011		2010		2009	
Students	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Grade 8				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								
Advanced	1	1	2		7	5	1	1	1	1	0	0
Mastery	22	14	14	8	27	18	16	10	12	7	28	17
Basic	60	38	65	39	56	37	71	46	79	48	61	40
Approaching Basic	52	33	54	32	43	28	46	29	38	23	36	24
Unsatisfactory	21	13	33	20	20	13	22	14	36	22	30	20
Total	156	100	168	100	153	100	156	100	168	100	153	100

JACKSON PARISH SCHOOL BOARD JONESBORO, Louisiana

Graduation Exit Examination (GEE) For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

District Achievement Level			English La	nguage Art	S		I		Mathemati	CS.		
Results	2011		2010		2009		2011		2010		2009	
Students	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Grade 10												
Advenced	1	1	C	0	3	2	15	11	9	7	16	13
Mastery	23	17	16	13	15	12	21	15	26	21	25	20
Basic	58	, 44	65	53	62	50	59	42	51	41	47	38
Approaching Basic	39	30	28	24	30	24	25	18	19	15	20	16
Unsatisfactory	11	8	13	11	15	12	21	15	18	15	16	13
Total	132	100	123	100	125	100	141	100	123	100	124	100

	Science						Social Stut	tiles				
District Achievement Level	2011		2010		2009		2011		2010		2009	
Results	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Students	F											
Grade 11												
Advanced	4	3	7	- 6	7	6	0	0	2	2	6	0
Mastery	19	16	19	18	7	6	7	6	5	4	9	7
Basic	42	36	45	39	54	43	61	52	52	45	54	43
Approaching Basic	28	24	29	25	38	30	33		41	35	34	27
Unsatisfactory	25	21	16	14	19	15	17	14	16	14	28	22
Total	118	100	116	100	125	100	118	100	116	100	125	100

JACKSON PARISH SCHOOL BOARD JONESBORO, Louisiana

IOWA and ILEAP Tests For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

District Achievement Level	lish Language	Arts	Mathematic	s .	Science	S	octal Studie	38
Results	2009		2009		2009		2009	
Students	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Grade 3							L	
Advanced	7	4	14	8	5	3	1	1
Mastery	35	21	41	24	31	18	29	
Basic	70	41	59	35	73	43	88	52
Approaching Basic	42	25	39	23	43	25	33	20
Unsatisfactory	15	9	16	9	17	10	18	
Total	169	100	169	100	169	100	169	100

District Achievement Level	lish Language	Arts	Mathematic	8	Science	S	ocial Studie	25
Results	2009	2009		2009			2009	
Students	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Grade 5								
Advanced	10	6	7	4	5	3	2	1
Mastery	34	19	19	11	40	23	16	9
Basic	78	45	83	47	78	45	89	51
Approaching Basic	31	18	28	16	32	18	44	25
Unsatisfactory	22	13	38	22	19	11	23	13
Total	175	100	175	100	174	100	174	100

District Achievement Level	ilish Language	Arts	Mathematic	8	Science	8	ocial Studie	3 \$
Results	2009		2009		2009		2009	
Students	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Grade 6								
Advanced	2	1	4	3	3	2	3	2
Mastery	28	18	21	13	22	14	8	6
Basic	69	44	72	46	69	44	83	53
Approaching Basic	38	24	37	24	48	31	42	27
Unsatisfactory	20	13	23	15	15	10	20	13
Total	157	100	157	100	157	100	157	100

District Achievement Level	lish Language	lish Language Arts N		\$	Science	8	ocial Studie	9 S
Results	2009		2009		2009		2009	
Students	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Grade 7								
Advanced	3	2	4	2	1	1	2	1
Mastery	32	17	7	4	28	15	23	13
Basic	79	43	97	53	72	40	76	41
Approaching Besic	49	27	44	24	48	26	48	26
Unsatisfactory	21	11	32	17	33	1B	35	19
Total	184	100	184	100	182	100	184	100

District Achievement Level	iish Language	Arts	Mathematic	\$
Results	2009	2009		
Students	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Grade 9				1
Advanced	0	O	6	4
Mastery	20	15	20	15
Basic	70	51	52	38
Approaching Basic	32	24	30	, 22
Unsatisfactory	14	10	28	21
Total	136	100	136	100

District Achievement Level	lish Language	Arts	Mathematic	Š	Science		ocial Studie	35
Results	2010		2010		2010		2010	
Students	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Grade 3								
Advanced	8	4	13	7	5	3	2	1
Mastery	32	16	39	20	27	14	30	15
Basic	78	39	68	34	86	43	88	
Approaching Besic	47	24	51	26	53	27	42	21
Unsatisfactory	35	18	29	15	29	15	37	19
Total	200	100		100	200	100	199	100

District Achievement Level	ilish Lenguage	Arts	Mathematic	s	Science	9	ocial Studie	:8
Results	2010		2010		2010		2010	
Students	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Grade 5								
Advanced	1	. 1	2	1	0	0	1 1	1
Mastery	22	13	14	₿	13	8	16	9
Basic	82	48	87	51	88	52	90	53
Approaching Basic	44	26	30	18	50	29	39	23
Unsatisfactory	21	12	37	22	19	11	23	14
Total	170	100	170	100	170	100	169	100

District Achievement Level	lish Language	Arts	Mathematics		Science 5		ocial Studi	28
Results	2010		2010		2010		2010	
Students	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Grade 6								
Advanced	6	3	4	2	3	2	7	4
Mastery	33	18	23	13	27	15	33	18
Basic	98	54	104	58	81	45	73	41
Approaching Basic	28	16	27	15	45	25	38	21
Unsatisfactory	15		22	12	24	13	29	16
Total	180	100	180	100	180	100	180	100

District Achievement Level	lish Language	Arts	Mathematics 2010		Science	S	ocial Studie	98
Results	2010				2010		2010	
Students	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Grade 7			T					
Advanced	6	• 4	1	1	3	2	0	0
Mastery		19	18	11	23	14	10	6
Basic	70	44	77	49	68	42	78	49
Approaching Basic	39	25	33	21	39	25	40	25
Unsatisfactory	13	, {	29	18	28	18	30	19
Total	158	100	158	100	159	100	158	100

District Achievement Level	Nish Lenguage	Mathematics		
Results	2010		2010	
Students	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Grade 9		·		
Advanced	1	1	10	7
Mastery	22	15	12	
Basic	70	48	- 66	46
Approaching Basic	37	26	20	14
Unsatisfactory	15	10	37	2€
Total	145	100	145	100

District Achievement Level	ilish Language	Arts	Mathematic	5	Science		Social Studies	
Results	2011		2011		2011		2011	
Students	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Grade 3								
Advanced	15	7	17	8	10	5	3	1.
Mastery	29	14	27	13	20	10	27	13
Basic	95	47	83	41	83	41	88	44
Approaching Basic	38	19	_ 3B	19	55	27	55	27
Unsetisfactory	24	12	36	18	33	16	28	14
Total	201	100	201	100	201	100	201	100

District Achievement Level	lish Language	Arts	Mathematic	8	Science		ocial Studie	s
Results	2011		2011		2011		2011	
Students	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Grade 5								
Advanced	4	3	9	6	10	7	2	1
Mastery	30	21	12	9	28	20	11	8
Basic	67	48	_ 67	48	60	43	71	51
Approaching Basic	22	16	27	19	30	21	28	20
Unsatisfactory	17	12	25	18	12	9	28.	20
Total	140	100	140	100	140	100		100

District Achievement Level	dish Language	Arts	Mathematic	s	Science	5	ocial Studie	3
Results	2011		2011		2011		2011	
Students	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Grade 6	1							
Advanced	2		1 4	2	2	1	7	4
Mastery	29	1	7 22	13	18	11	22	13
Basic	83	4	9 84	49	98	58	82	48
Approaching Basic	40	2	3 38	22	41	24	31	18
Unsatisfactory	17	1	0 23	13	14	8	29	17
Total	171	10	0 171	100	171	100	171	100

District Achievement Level	lish Language	lish Language Arts		Mathematics 2011		Science S 2011		Social Studies 2011	
Results	2011								
Students .	Number	Percent		Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Grade 7						•			
Advanced	16		. 9	4	2	2	1	3	2
Mastery	29		17	19	11	30	18	26	15
Basic	74		44	91	54.	72	43	71	42
Approaching Basic	32		19	44	26	55	33	46	27
Unsatisfactory	18		11	· 11	7	10	6	23	14
Total	169	1	100	169	100	169	100	169	100

District Achievement Level	lish Langua	ge Arts	Mathematics 2011		
Results	2011				
Students	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	
Grade 9					
Advanced				T	
Mastery					
Basic					
Approaching Basic					
Unsatisfactory					
Total				1	